

### General Description

SY20193L is a high efficiency 1.0MHz synchronous step down DC/DC regulator capable of delivering up to 3A output current. The SY20193L can operate over a wide input voltage range from 2.7V to 5.5V and integrates main switch and synchronous switch with very low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  to minimize the conduction loss.

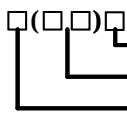
SY20193L integrates reliable latch off function when output over voltage, output short or thermal shutdown happens.

The low output voltage ripple, the small external inductor and the capacitor sizes are achieved with 1.0MHz switching frequency.

### Features

- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  for Internal Switches (Top/Bottom) 85m $\Omega$  /50m $\Omega$
- 2.7~5.5V Input Voltage Range
- 55 $\mu$ A Low Quiescent Current
- Ultra Fast Load Transient Speed
- High Switching Frequency 1.0MHz Minimizes the External Components
- Internal Soft-start Limits the Inrush Current
- Reliable Latch off Function When:
  - Output Short
  - Thermal Shutdown
  - Output Voltage > 120% of Regulated Voltage
- Output Auto Discharge Function
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free
- Compact Package: QFN1.5 $\times$ 1.5-7

### Ordering Information

SY20193  Temperature Code  
Package Code  
Optional Spec Code

| Ordering Number | Package type          | Note |
|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| SY20193LQWC     | QFN1.5 $\times$ 1.5-7 | --   |

### Applications

- Smart Phone
- LCD TV
- Set Top Box
- Mini-Notebook PC
- Access Point Router

### Typical Applications

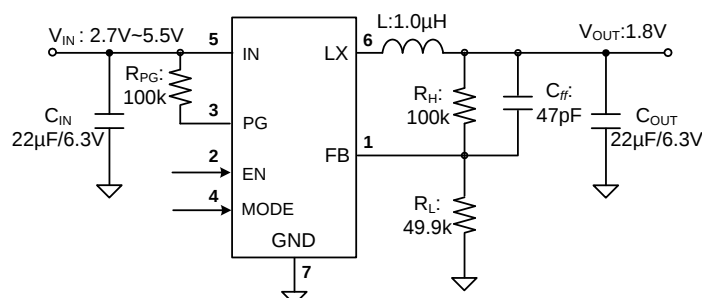


Figure1. Schematic Diagram

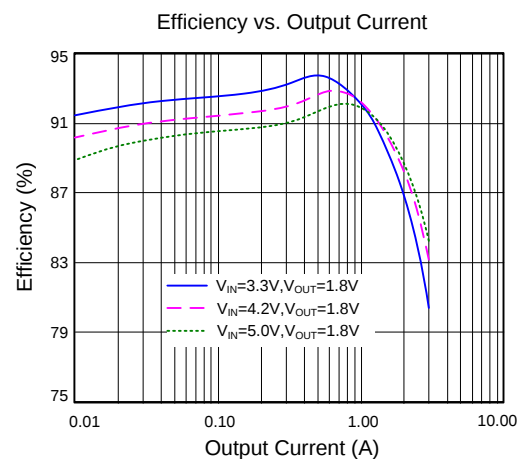
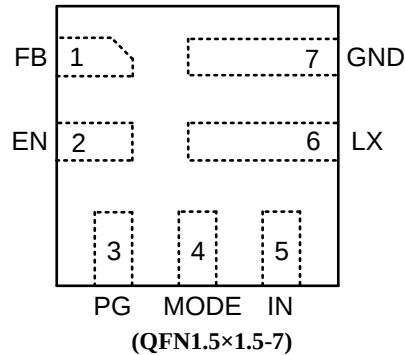


Figure 2. Efficiency vs. Output Current

## Pinout(Top View)



**Top Mark: Vdxyz**(device code: Vd, x=*year code*, y=*week code*, z= *lot number code*)

| Pin Name | Pin Number | Pin Description                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FB       | 1          | Feedback pin. Connect this pin to the center point of the output resistor divider (as shown in Figure 1) to program the output voltage: $V_{OUT}=0.6V \times (1+R_H/R_L)$                       |
| EN       | 2          | Enable control. Pull high to turn on. Do not leave it floating.                                                                                                                                 |
| PG       | 3          | Power good indicator (Open drain output). Low if the output < 90% of regulation voltage or the output >120% of regulation voltage. High otherwise. Connect a pull-up resistor to the input pin. |
| MODE     | 4          | Mode control pin. Do not leave it floating.<br>MODE=high, selected Force CCM mode operation during light load.<br>MODE=low, selected PFM mode operation during light load.                      |
| IN       | 5          | Input pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with at least a 22μF ceramic capacitor.                                                                                                                 |
| LX       | 6          | Inductor pin. Connect this pin to the switching node of the inductor.                                                                                                                           |
| GND      | 7          | Ground pin.                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Block Diagram

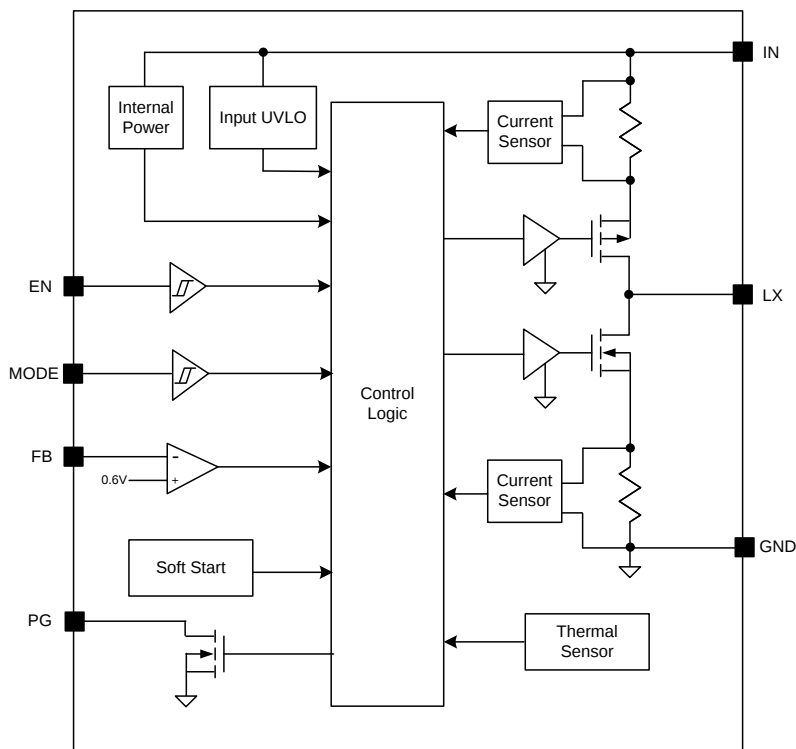


Figure3. Block Diagram

## Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

|                                                                 |                               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Supply Input Voltage                                            | 6.0V                          |
| EN, PG, MODE, FB Voltage                                        | $V_{IN} + 0.6V$               |
| LX Voltage                                                      | $-0.3V^{(*1)}$ to $6V^{(*2)}$ |
| Power Dissipation, $P_D$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,<br>QFN1.5×1.5-7 | 1.5W                          |
| Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)                             |                               |
| $\theta_{JA}$                                                   | 66°C/W                        |
| $\theta_{JC}$                                                   | 5°C/W                         |
| Junction Temperature Range                                      | -40°C to 150°C                |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)                            | 260°C                         |
| Storage Temperature Range                                       | -65°C to 150°C                |
| (*1) LX Voltage Tested Down to -3V<40ns                         |                               |
| (*2) LX Voltage Tested Up to +7V<40ns                           |                               |

## Recommended Operating Conditions(Note 3)

|                            |                |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| Supply Input Voltage       | 2.7V to 5.5V   |
| Junction Temperature Range | -40°C to 125°C |
| Ambient Temperature Range  | -40°C to 85°C  |

## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$ ,  $L = 1.0\mu H$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 22\mu F$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                     | Symbol         | Test Conditions                    | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit        |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------------|
| Input Voltage Range                           | $V_{IN}$       |                                    | 2.7 |      | 5.5 | V           |
| Input UVLO Threshold                          | $V_{UVLO}$     |                                    |     |      | 2.7 | V           |
| Input UVLO Hysteresis                         | $V_{HYS}$      |                                    |     | 0.18 |     | V           |
| Quiescent Current                             | $I_Q$          | $V_{FB} = V_{REF} \times 105\%$    |     | 55   |     | $\mu A$     |
| Shutdown Current                              | $I_{SHDN}$     | $EN = 0V$                          |     | 0.1  | 1   | $\mu A$     |
| Feedback Reference Voltage                    | $V_{REF}$      |                                    | 594 | 600  | 606 | mV          |
| Output Discharge Resistance                   | $R_{DIS}$      |                                    |     | 75   |     | $\Omega$    |
| Top FET $R_{ON}$                              | $R_{DS(ON)1}$  |                                    |     | 85   |     | m $\Omega$  |
| Bottom FET $R_{ON}$                           | $R_{DS(ON)2}$  |                                    |     | 50   |     | m $\Omega$  |
| EN Input Voltage High                         | $V_{EN,H}$     |                                    | 1.1 |      |     | V           |
| EN Input Voltage Low                          | $V_{EN,L}$     |                                    |     |      | 0.4 | V           |
| MODE Input Voltage High                       | $V_{MODE,H}$   |                                    | 1.1 |      |     | V           |
| MODE Input Voltage Low                        | $V_{MODE,L}$   |                                    |     |      | 0.4 | V           |
| PG Threshold for Under Voltage Detection      | $V_{PG,UV}$    |                                    |     | 90   |     | $\%V_{REF}$ |
| PG Low Delay Time for Under Voltage Detection | $t_{UVP,DLY}$  |                                    |     | 15   |     | $\mu s$     |
| PG Threshold for Over Voltage Detection       | $V_{PG,OV}$    |                                    |     | 120  |     | $\%V_{REF}$ |
| PG Low Delay Time for Over Voltage Detection  | $t_{OVP,DLY}$  |                                    |     | 10   |     | $\mu s$     |
| Min ON Time                                   | $t_{ON,MIN}$   |                                    |     | 80   |     | ns          |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                            | $D_{MAX}$      |                                    | 60  |      |     | %           |
| Turn On Delay                                 | $t_{ON,DLY}$   | from EN high to LX start switching |     | 90   |     | $\mu s$     |
| Soft-start Time                               | $t_{SS}$       |                                    |     | 0.35 |     | ms          |
| Switching Frequency                           | $F_{SW}$       | CCM                                |     | 1.0  |     | MHz         |
| Top FET Current Limit                         | $I_{LMT, TOP}$ |                                    | 4   |      |     | A           |
| Bottom FET Current Limit                      | $I_{LMT, BOT}$ |                                    | 3   |      |     | A           |
| Output Under Voltage Protection Threshold     | $V_{UVP}$      |                                    |     | 40   |     | $\%V_{REF}$ |
| Output UVP Delay                              | $t_{UVP,DLY}$  |                                    |     | 15   |     | $\mu s$     |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature                  | $T_{SD}$       |                                    |     | 150  |     | $^\circ C$  |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis                   | $T_{HYS}$      |                                    |     | 15   |     | $^\circ C$  |
| Output Over Voltage Threshold                 | $V_{OVP}$      |                                    |     | 120  |     | %           |
| Output Ovp Delay Time                         | $V_{OVP,DLY}$  |                                    |     | 10   |     | $\mu s$     |

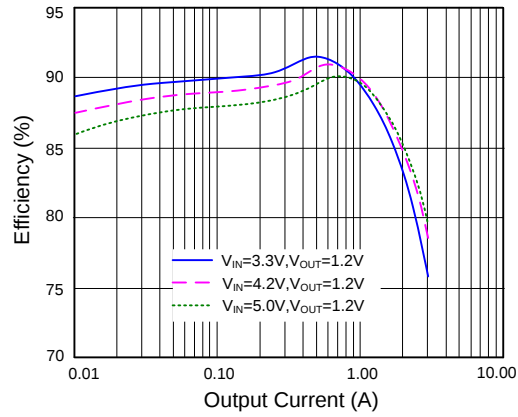
**Note 1:** Stresses beyond the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Note2:**  $\theta_{JA}$  of SY20193LQWC is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  on a 20Z two-layer Silergy evaluation board. Pin6 is the case position for SY20193LQWC  $\theta_{JC}$  measurement.

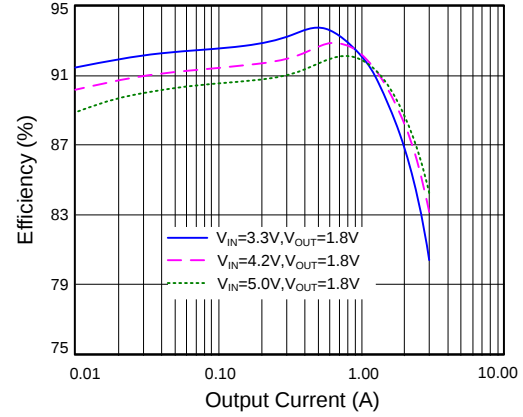
**Note 3:** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

## Typical Performance Characteristics

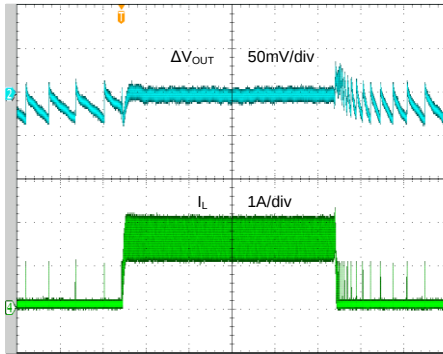
Efficiency vs. Output Current



Efficiency vs. Output Current

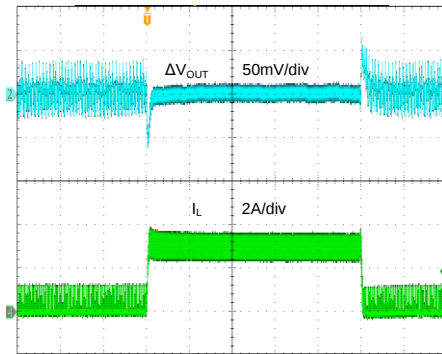


Load Transient  
( $V_{IN}=5.0V, V_{OUT}=1.8V, I_O=0 \sim 1.5A$ )



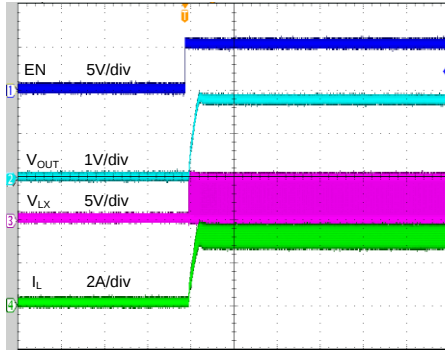
Time (100μs/div)

Load Transient  
( $V_{IN}=5.0V, V_{OUT}=1.8V, I_O=0.3 \sim 3.0A$ )



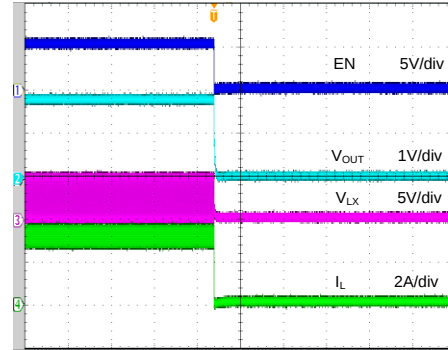
Time (100μs/div)

Startup from Enable  
( $V_{IN}=5.0V, V_{OUT}=1.8V, I_O=3.0A$ )



Time (800μs/div)

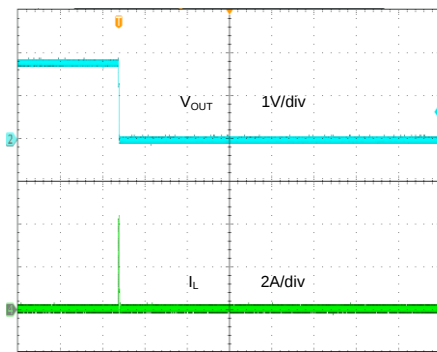
Shutdown from Enable  
( $V_{IN}=5.0V, V_{OUT}=1.8V, I_O=3.0A$ )



Time (800μs/div)

## Short Circuit Protection

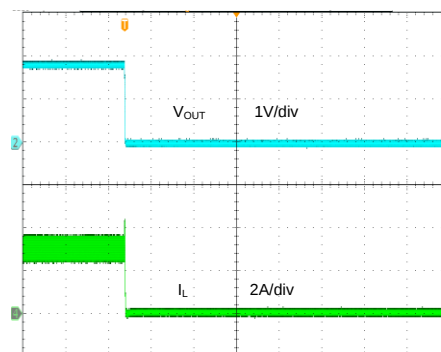
( $V_{IN}=5.0V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ ,  $I_O=0A \sim \text{short}$ )



Time (2ms/div)

## Short Circuit Protection

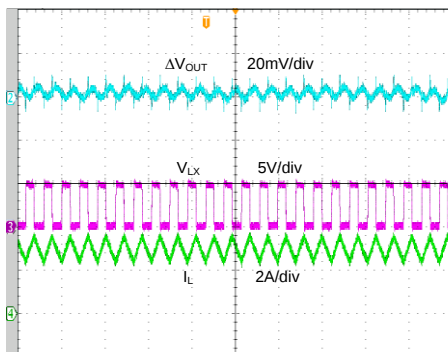
( $V_{IN}=5.0V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ ,  $I_O=3.0A \sim \text{short}$ )



Time (2ms/div)

## Output Ripple

( $V_{IN}=5.0V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ ,  $I_O=3.0A$ )



Time (2μs/div)

## Operation

SY20193L is a high efficient 1.0MHz synchronous stepdown DC/DC regulator capable of delivering up to 3A output current. The SY20193L can operate over a wide input voltage range from 2.7V to 5.5V and integrates main switch and synchronous switch with very low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  to minimize the conduction loss.

SY20193L integrates reliable latch off function when output over voltage, output short or thermal shutdown happens.

The low output voltage ripple, the small external inductor and the capacitor sizes are achieved with 1.0MHz switching frequency.

### Short Circuit Protection

After the soft-start is over, if the output voltage falls below 40% of the regulation level, the IC will turn off both power switches, then enters short circuit protection. It will remain in this state until the IN or EN voltage is recycled.

### Over Voltage Protection

If the output voltage exceeds 120% of the regulation level for more than 10 $\mu$ s, the IC will turn off both power switches and turn on the discharge switch, then enters overvoltage protection. It will remain in this state until the IN or EN voltage is recycled.

### Thermal Shutdown Protection

If the junction temperature of SY20193L is greater than the thermal shutdown temperature ( $T_{SD}$ ), the IC will turn off both power switches, and then enters thermal shutdown protection. It will remain in this state until the IN or EN voltage is recycled.

## Applications Information

Because of the high integration of SY20193L, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor  $C_{IN}$ , output capacitor  $C_{OUT}$ , output inductor L and feedback resistors ( $R_H$  and  $R_L$ ) need to be selected for the target application specifications.

### Feedback Resistor Dividers $R_H$ and $R_L$ :

Choose  $R_H$  and  $R_L$  to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light load, it is desirable to choose large resistance

values for both  $R_H$  and  $R_L$ . A value of between 100k $\Omega$  and 1M $\Omega$  is highly recommended for both resistors. If  $R_L = 120k\Omega$  is chosen, then  $R_H$  can be calculated to be:

$$R_H = \frac{(V_{OUT} - 0.6V) \cdot R_L}{0.6V}$$

### Input Capacitor $C_{IN}$ :

A typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 6.3V rating and greater than 22 $\mu$ F capacitance is recommended. To minimize the potential noise problem, we should place this ceramic capacitor really close to the IN and GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by  $C_{IN}$ , and IN/GND pins.

### Output Inductor L:

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

- 1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN,MAX})}{F_{SW} \times I_{OUT,MAX} \times 40\%}$$

Where  $F_{SW}$  is the switching frequency and  $I_{OUT,MAX}$  is the maximum load current.

- 2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT, MIN} > I_{OUT, MAX} + \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN,MAX})}{2 \times F_{SW} \times L}$$

- 3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR < 25m $\Omega$  to achieve good overall efficiency.

### Inductor vs. Output Capacitor:

The ripple base control strategy needs very small  $C_{OUT}$  to confirm stability. Too large the inductor and  $C_{OUT}$  will lead to instability. The recommend inductance and the output capacitor are shown as below.

**Table1. Inductance vs. Output Capacitor Selection Table**

| L           | C <sub>OUT</sub> |            |                       |                       |                       |                       |
|-------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|             | 10 $\mu$ F       | 22 $\mu$ F | 22 $\mu$ F $\times$ 2 | 22 $\mu$ F $\times$ 4 | 22 $\mu$ F $\times$ 6 | 22 $\mu$ F $\times$ 8 |
| 1.0 $\mu$ H | ×                | √          | √                     | √                     | √                     | √                     |
| 1.5 $\mu$ H | ×                | √          | √                     | √                     | ×                     | ×                     |
| 2.2 $\mu$ H | ×                | √          | √                     | ×                     | ×                     | ×                     |

### Layout Design:

The layout design of SY20193L regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and to minimum noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C<sub>IN</sub>, L, R<sub>H</sub> and R<sub>L</sub>.

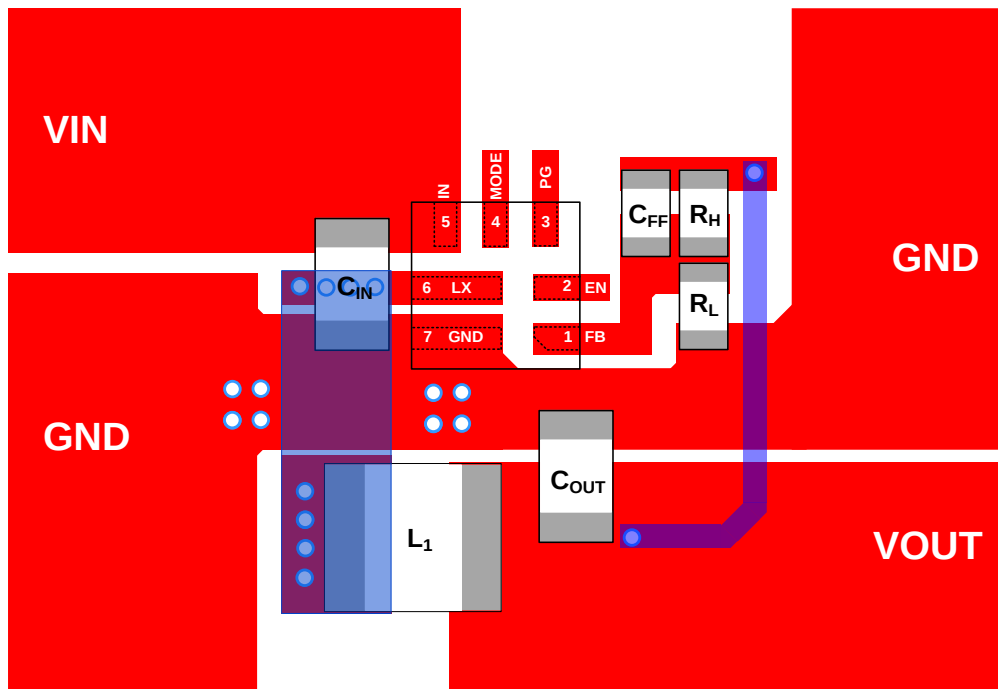
1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area adjacent to GND pin to achieve the best thermal performance and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable. Reasonable vias are suggested to be placed

underneath the ground pad to enhance the soldering quality and thermal performance.

2) C<sub>IN</sub> must be close to pins IN and GND. The loop area formed by C<sub>IN</sub> and GND must be minimized.

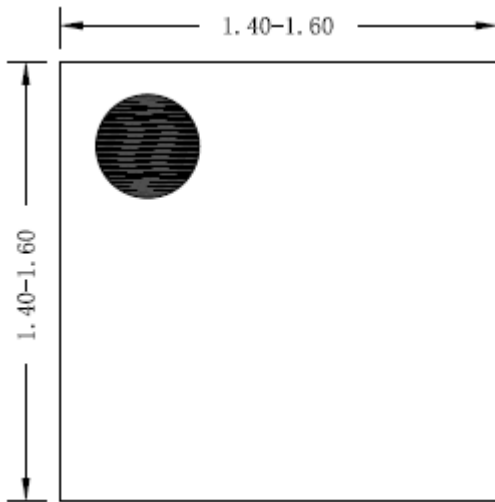
3) The PCB copper area adjacent to LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.

4) The components R<sub>H</sub>, R<sub>L</sub>, and the trace connected to the FB pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX pin net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.

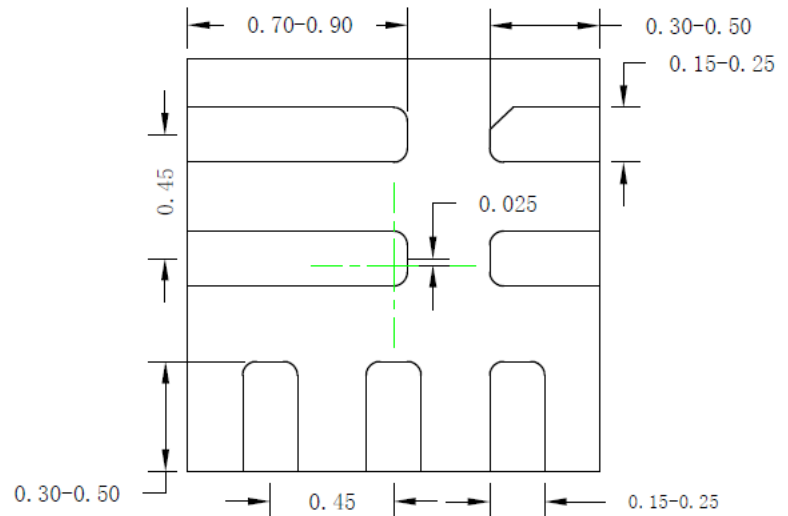


**Figure4. PCB Layout Suggestion**

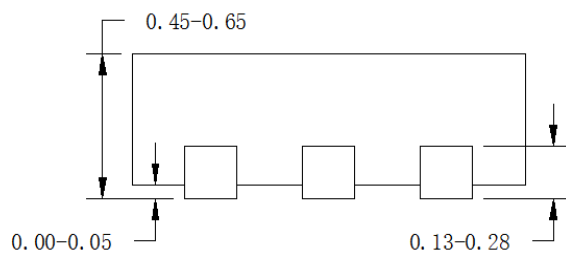
## QFN1.5×1.5-7 Package Outline Drawing



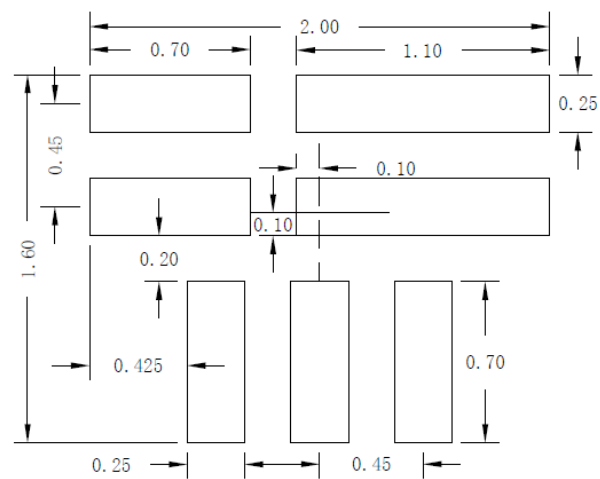
**Top View**



**Bottom View**



**Side View**

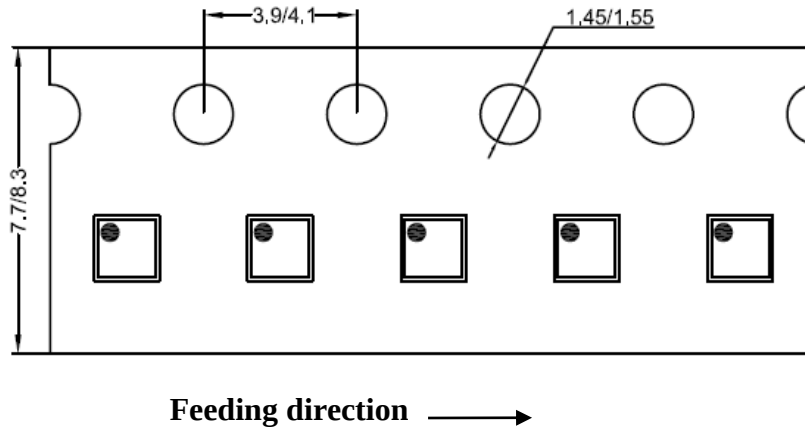


**Recommended PCB Layout**

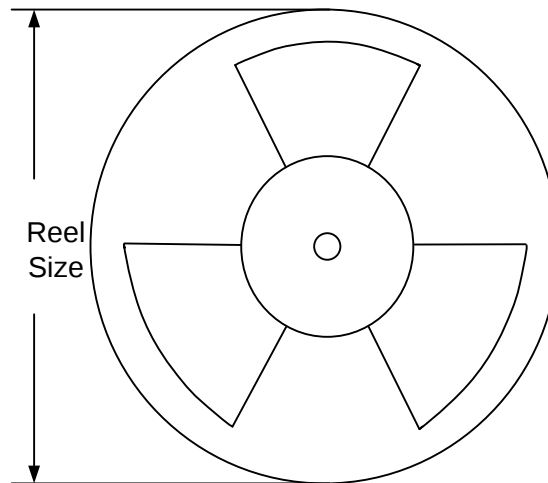
**Notes:** All dimension in millimeter and exclude mold flash & metal burr.

## Taping & Reel Specification

### 1. QFN1.5×1.5 taping orientation



### 2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages



| Package types | Tape width (mm) | Pocket pitch(mm) | Reel size (Inch) | Trailer length(mm) | Leader length (mm) | Qty per reel |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| QFN1.5×1.5    | 8               | 4                | 7"               | 400                | 160                | 3000         |

### 3. Others: NA



**SY20193L**

## Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purpose only and is believed to be accurate, however, not warranted. Please make sure that you have the latest revision.

| Date          | Revision      | Change                                                                           |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Jan.09, 2022  | Revision 1.0  | Production Release                                                               |
| Sep.09, 2022  | Revision 0.9B | Update the dimensions in the Bottom View of the Package outline drawing. (page9) |
| Jan. 22, 2021 | Revision 0.9A | Update the package outline drawing (page9)                                       |
| Aug.07, 2017  | Revision 0.9  | Initial Release                                                                  |



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