SY20752C

2A Single-Cell High Efficiency Switching Charger with Adaptive Input Current Limit

General Description

SY20752C is a 4.0-23V input, 2A single-cell synchronous buck Li-Ion battery charger. The compact package DFN3*3-12 is widely suitable for portable application. Select pin is convenient for different cell voltage. It allows the output power path management. Integrated 800 kHz synchronous buck regulator consists of 23V rating FETs with extremely low ON resistance to achieve high charge efficiency and simple peripheral circuit design.

Ordering Information

SY20752□(□□)□
- Temperature Code
- Package Code
- Optional Spec Code

Ordering Number	Package type	Note
SY20752CDCC	DFN3*3-12	

Features

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 4.0V to 23V
- High Efficiency Int. Synchronous Buck Regulator with Fixed 800kHz Switching Frequency
- Trickle Current / Constant Current / Constant Voltage Charge Mode
- Adaptive input current limit
- Programmable Charging Timeout
- 4.35 and 4.2V selectable cell voltage
- Programmable (2A MAX) Constant Charge Current
- Input Voltage UVLO and Battery OVP
- Over Temperature Protection
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Charge Status Indication
- Normal Synchronous Buck Operation when Battery Removed
- Compact package DFN3*3-12

Applications

- Cellular Telephones,
- PDA, MP3 Players, MP4 Players
- Digital Cameras
- Bluetooth Applications
- PSP Game Players, NDS Game Players
- Notebook

Typical Applications

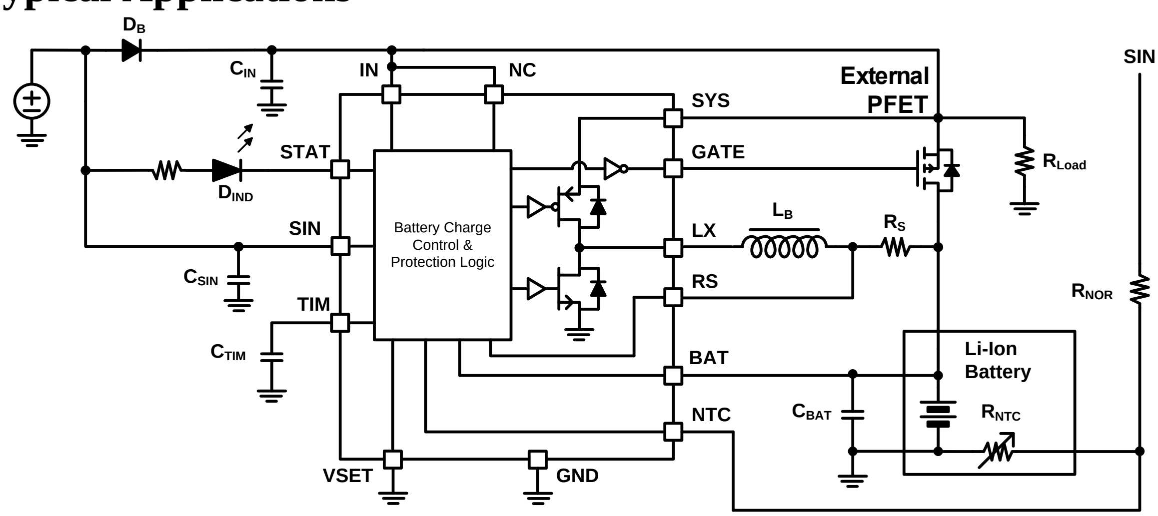
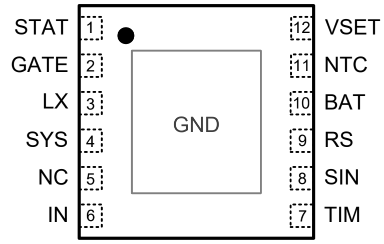


Figure1. Schematic Diagram

Pinout (top view)



(DFN3*3-12)

Top Mark: QR*xyz* (device code: **QR**, ***x=year code, y=week code, z= lot number code)***

Name	Number	Description
STAT	1	Charge status indication pin. It is open drain output pin and can be used to turn on a LED to indicate the charge in process. When the charge is done, LED is off.
GATE	2	Drive the external bypass PFET from BAT pin to SYS pin.
LX	3	Switch node pin. This pin connects the drains of the integrated main and synchronous power MOSFET switches. Connect to external inductor.
SYS	4	System load pin. High side of the internal integrated half-bridge. Connect a MLCC from this pin to ground to decouple high frequency Noise.
NC	5	Null pin. Suggest connect this pin to IN. Do not connect to GND.
IN	6	Positive power supply input pin. V_{IN} ranges from 4V to 23V for normal operation.
TIM	7	Charge time limit pin. Connect this pin with a capacitor to ground. Internal current source charge the capacitor for TC mode and CC mode’s charge time limit. TC charge time limit is about 1/9 of CC charge time.
SIN	8	Analog power input pin. Connect a MLCC from this pin to ground to decouple high harmonic Noise. This pin has OVP and UVLO function to make the charger operate within safe input voltage area.
RS	9	Charge current program pin. Connect a current sensor from RS pin to BAT pin. Average charge current is detected for TC mode and CC mode both.
BAT	10	Battery positive pin.
NTC	11	Thermal protection pin. UTP threshold is about 75% V_{SIN} and OTP threshold is about 30%V_{SIN}. Pull up to V_{SIN} can disable charge logic and make the IC operate as normal buck regulator. Pull down to ground can shutdown the IC.
VSET	12	VSET is pull down internally. Open or pull down for 4.2V cell voltage, pull up for 4.35V cell voltage.
GND	Exposed pad	Ground pin.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

IN, SIN, BAT, RS, LX, SYS, -- -0.5- 25V
VSET, TIM, NTC, STAT -- -0.5- 25V
LX Pin current continuous --- 2A
Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C, DFN3x3-12--- 2.4W
Package Thermal Resistance
θ_{JA} -- 41°C/W
θ_{JC} -- 20°C/W
Junction Temperature Range --- -40°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) -- 260°C
Storage Temperature Range -- -65°C to 125°C

ESD Susceptibility (Note 2)
HBM (Human Body Mode) --- 2kV
MM (Machine Mode) --- 200V

Recommended Operating Conditions

IN, SIN, BAT, RS, LX, SYS, ---less than 23V
VSET, TIM, NTC, STAT --less than 23V
LX Pin current continuous --- less than 1.5A
Junction Temperature Range ---------- -- -20°C to 100°C
Ambient Temperature Range --- -40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

T_A=25°C, V_{IN}=15V, GND=0V, C_{IN}=10uF, L_B=6.8uH, R_S=25mΩ, C_{TIM}=330nF, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Bias Supply (V_{SIN})						
V_{SIN}	Supply voltage		4.0		23	V
V_{UVLO}	V_{SIN} under voltage lockout threshold	V_{SIN} rising and measured from V_{SIN} to GND			3.9	V
ΔV_{UVLO}	V_{SIN} under voltage lockout hysteresis	Measured from V_{SIN} to GND		190		mV
V_{OVP}	Input overvoltage protection	V_{SIN} rising and measured from V_{SIN} to GND	23			V
ΔV_{OVP}	Input overvoltage protection hysteresis	Measured from V_{SIN} to GND		750		mV
Quiescent Current						
I_{BAT}	Battery discharge current	Pull Down NTC Disable Charge			25	uA
I_{SIN}	Input leakage current				1.5	mA
Oscillator and PWM						
f_{OSC}	Oscillator frequency		640	800	960	kHz
D	PFET duty cycle				100	%
Power MOSFET						
R_{NFET}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of N-FET	Include bond-wire		150		mΩ
R_{PFET}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of P-FET			160		mΩ
Voltage Regulation						
V_{CV}	Low VSET for 4.2V cell voltage	0°C <=T_A<=70°C	4.16	4.20	4.24	V
	High VSET for 4.35V cell voltage		4.30	4.35	4.40	
ΔV_{RCH}	4.2V CV threshold for Recharge	0°C <=T_A<=70°C	50	100	150	mV
	4.35V CV threshold for Recharge		100	150	200	
V_{TRK}	TC charge mode voltage threshold	0°C <=T_A<=70°C	2.2	2.5	2.8	V
Battery Connect Detection						
V_{DET}	Detect voltage threshold	V_{SHOT}< V_{BAT}< V_{RCH}	80%		90%	V_{SIN}
t_{DET}	Detect delay time		30	35	40	ms
Charge Current						
	Internal charge current accuracy for Constant Current Mode	I_{CC}=25mV/R_S	-10%		10%	
	Internal charge current accuracy for Trickle Current Mode	I_{TC}=2.5mV/R_S	-50%		50%	
Charge Termination						
I_{TERM}	Charge Termination Current			10%		I_{CC}
T_{TERM}	Termination delay time			30		ms
Input current limit slow response						
V_{INSL}	IN voltage falling threshold at high current			4.6		V
ΔV_{INSL}	IN voltage hysteresis at high current			50		mV
Input current limit quick response						
ΔV	IN voltage falling threshold at high current			4.4		V
ΔV_{INQK}	IN voltage hysteresis at high current			100		mV
Output Voltage OVP						
V_{OVP}	Output voltage OVP threshold		105%	110%	115%	V_{CV}
Output Short Protection						
V_{SHOT}	Output short protection threshold	V_{BAT} falling edge	1.70	2.00	2.30	V
f_{FBK}	Frequency fold back	V_{BAT}<2V/CELL		12.5%		f_{OSC}
I_{LM}	Power FET current limit			3.0		A
Timer						
T_{TC}	Trickle current charge timeout	C_{TIM}=330nF	0.23	0.5	0.67	hour
T_{CC}	Constant current charge timeout		3.0	4.5	6.0	hour
T_{MC}	Charge mode change delay time			30		ms

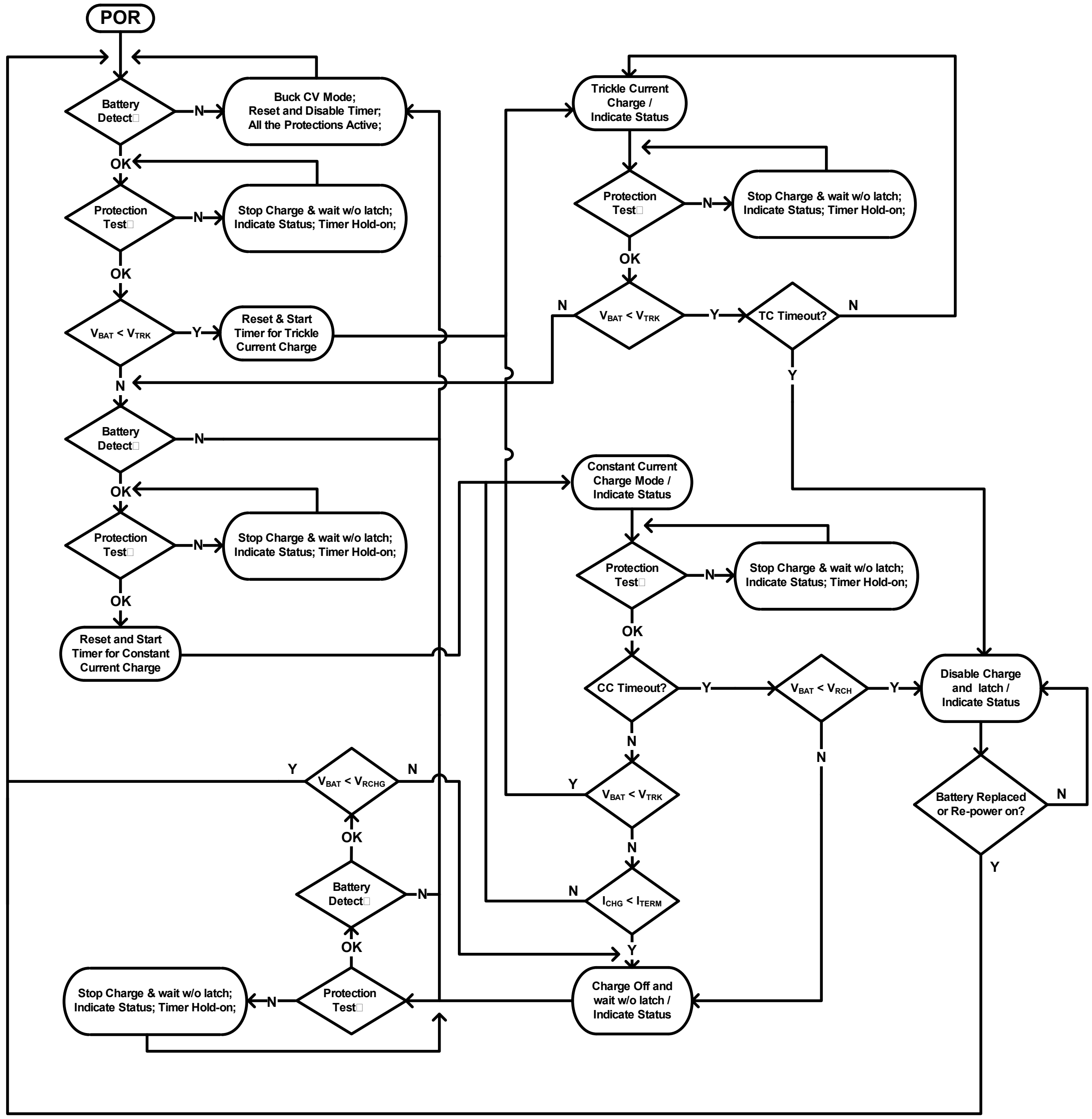
T_{RCHG}	Recharge time delay			30		ms
Battery Thermal Protection NTC						
UTP	Under temperature protection		70%	75%	80%	V_{SIN}
	Under temperature protection hysteresis	Falling edge		5%		
OTP	Over temperature protection		28%	30%	32%	
	Over temperature protection hysteresis	Rising edge		2%		
Automatic Shutdown						
ΔV_{ASD}	ASD voltage threshold hysteresis	Measured from V_{SIN} to V_{BAT}		80		mV
Thermal Shutdown						
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Rising Threshold		160		ºC
T_{SDHYS}	Thermal shutdown temperature hysteresis			20		ºC

Note 1: Stresses beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 2: θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at T_A = 25°C on a low effective four-layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard.

Note 3: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions

Basic Li-Ion Battery Charge Operation Flow Chart



General Function Description

SY20752C is a 4.0-23V input, 2A single-cell synchronous Buck Li-Ion battery charger. The compact package DFN3*3-12 is widely suitable for portable application. VSET pin is convenient for selecting 4.35V or 4.2V cell voltage. Integrated 800 kHz synchronous buck regulator consists of 23V rating FETs with extremely low ON resistance to achieve high charge efficiency and simple peripheral circuit design.

Charging Status Indication Description

1. **Charge-In-Process** – Pulls and keeps STAT pin to Low;
2. **Charge Done** – Pulls and keeps STAT pin to High;
3. **Fault Mode** – Outputs high and low voltage alternatively with 0.5Hz frequency when the C_{TIM} is 330nF.

Connects a LED from V_{SIN} to STAT pin, LED ON means Charge-in-Process, LED OFF means Charge Done, LED Flash means Fault Mode.

Buck Regulator Operation Description

If the Li-Ion battery is absent suddenly, the output battery load current drawn from BAT pin pulls down the voltage across the C_{BAT} until reaching the recharge threshold 4V. Then, SY20752C can operate as a normal peak current mode controlled synchronous buck converter and the output voltage on BAT pin is regulated at V_{CV}. In this operation mode, the input current limit and the constant output current loop are still active, however the charge timeout and the trickle current charge are disabled both.

Protection Description

Thermal Protection-Thermal shutdown is active for battery and IC both. IC recovers to normal work when the temperature backs in normal range again. Timer stop and hold-on without reset.

Short Circuit Protection- When V_{BAT} voltage is lower than the short circuit protection threshold, short circuit protection is active. The switching frequency is fold back to 12.5% of the default value. During this mode, if the battery exists, the trickle charge timer is still active and would timeout the IC finally.

Over Current Protection- The internal current loop with different constant current capability is always active no matter in Buck mode or Battery Charging mode for the over current protection.

Over Voltage Protection- When V_{BAT} voltage is higher than the over voltage protection threshold no matter with or without battery connecting, IC shuts down and recovers to normal work when V_{BAT} backs to normal level. Input voltage has UVLO and OVP, which would make IC shutdown and recover to normal work when the V_{SIN} backs to normal range.

Adaptive Input Current Limit- When the input is drawn from a USB port, SY20752C will adaptively limit the current if the input current is over the USB supply capability.

Timeout Protection-Programmable timeout protection is for both Trickle Current Charge Mode and Constant Current Charge Mode. Once timeout is active, IC stops the charge operation and latches off. Only power or battery re-plug in can get the latch logic reset and the IC restarted.

Output Power Path Management Description

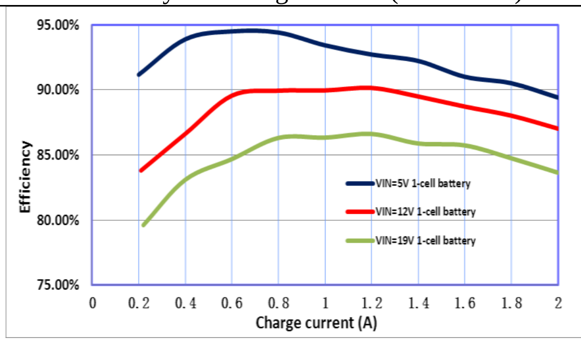
When the voltage on SIN pin V_{SIN} exceeds the voltage on BAT pin V_{BAT} over the fixed internal voltage threshold ΔV_{ASD}, the output power path FET turns off, and the system load draws power from input source directly. When V_{SIN} falls down lower than V_{BAT} about ΔV_{ASD}, the charger stops working. The output power path FET is going to turn on for the system load.

The input current limit loop reduces the charging current adaptively when the system load is heavy.

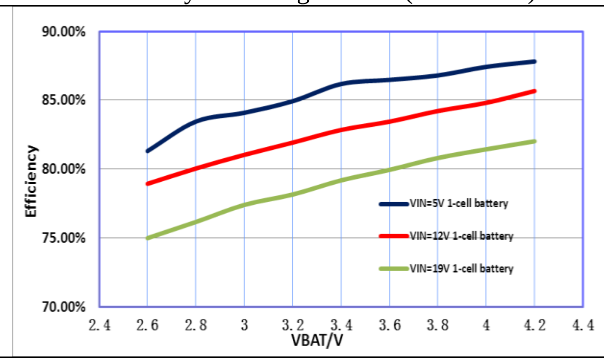
Typical Performance Characteristics

T_A=25°C, V_{IN}=5V, R_S=20mΩ, 1cell battery, unless otherwise specified.

Efficiency VS Charge current (CV mode)

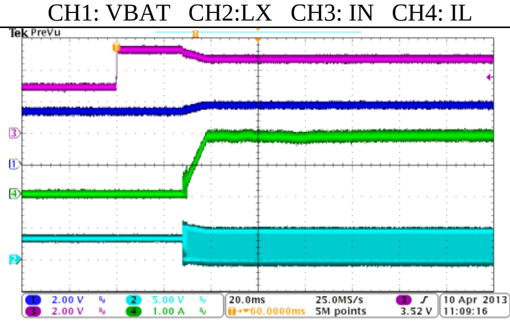


Efficiency VS Charge current(CC mode)



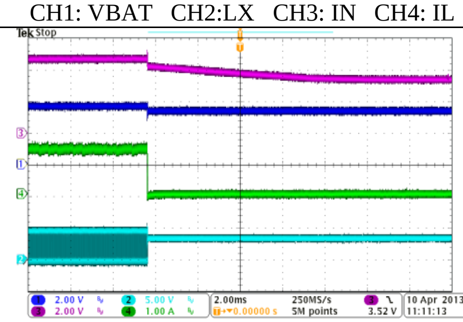
Power On

CH1: VBAT CH2:LX CH3: IN CH4: IL



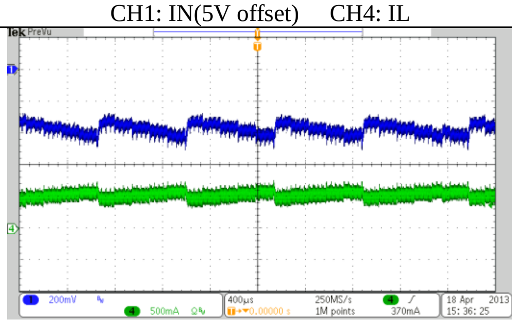
Power Off

CH1: VBAT CH2:LX CH3: IN CH4: IL



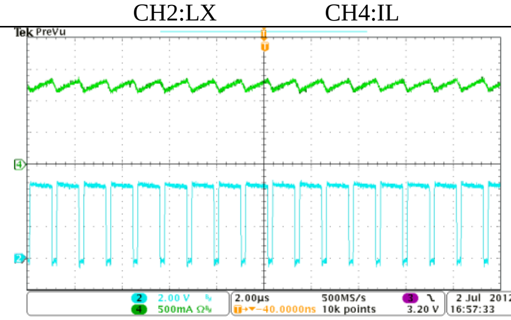
Adaptive Input Current Limit

CH1: IN(5V offset) CH4: IL



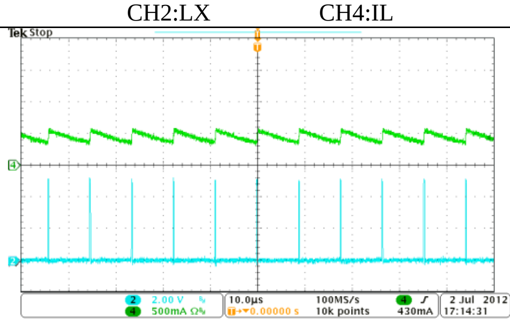
Constant Current Charge State

CH2:LX CH4:IL



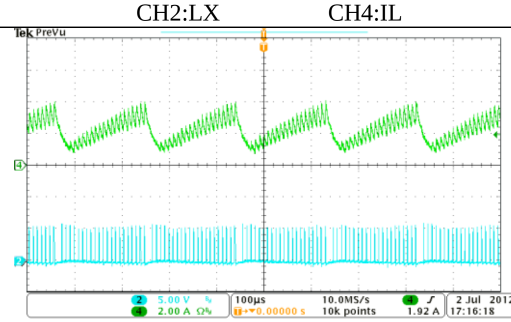
Battery Short

CH2:LX CH4:IL



Buck Mode: Output Short

CH2:LX CH4:IL

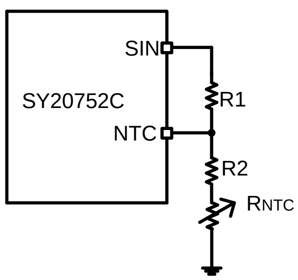


Applications Information

Because of the high integration of SY20752C, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor C_{IN}, output capacitor C_{OUT}, inductor L, NTC resistors R1,R2 ,charge current sense resistor Rs and timer capacitor C_{TIM} need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

NTC resistor:

SY20752C monitors battery temperature by measuring the input voltage and NTC voltage. The controller triggers the UTP or OTP when the rate K ($K= V_{NTC}/V_{SIN}$) reaches the threshold of UTP (K_{UT}) or OTP (K_{OT}). The temperature sensing network is showed as below.
Choose R1 and R2 to program the proper UTP and OTP points.



The calculation steps are:

1. Define K_{UT}, K_{UT} =70~80%
2. Define K_{OT}, K_{OT} =28~32%
3. Assume the resistance of the battery NTC thermistor is R_{UT} at UTP threshold and R_{OT} at OTP threshold.
4. Calculate R2,

$$R2 = \frac{K_{OT}(1-K_{UT})R_{UT} - K_{UT}(1-K_{OT})R_{OT}}{K_{UT} - K_{OT}}$$

5. Calculate R1

$$R1 = (1/K_{OT}-1)(R2+R_{OT})$$

If choose the typical values K_{UT} =75% and K_{OT}=30%, then

$$R2 = 0.17R_{UT} - 1.17R_{OT}$$

$$R1 = 2.3(R2+R_{OT})$$

Charge current sense resistor Rs

The charge current sense resistor R_S is calculated as below:

$$R_S = \frac{25}{I_{CHG}}, \qquad \text{Unit: mohm}$$

While the I_{CHG} is the battery constant charge current.

Timer capacitor C_{TIM}

The charger also provides a programmable charge timer. The charge time is programmed by the capacitor connected between the TIM pin and GND. The capacitance is given by the formula:

$$C_{TIM}=2*10^{-11}T_{CC} \qquad \text{Unit: F}$$

T_{CC} is the target constant charge time, measured in seconds.

Input capacitor C_{IN}:

The ripple current through input capacitor is greater than

$$I_{CIN\_MIN} = I_{CHG}\sqrt{D(1-D)}$$

To minimize the potential noise problem, place a typical X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor really close to the IN and GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by C_{IN}, and IN/GND pins.

Output capacitor C_{OUT}:

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting this capacitor. For the best performance, it is recommended to use X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 10uF capacitance.

Output inductor L:

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the average input current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN,MAX})}{F_{SW} \times I_{OUT,MAX} \times 40\%}$$

Where F_{SW} is the switching frequency and $I_{OUT,MAX}$ is the maximum load current.

The SY20752C regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT,MIN} > I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN,MAX})}{2 \times F_{SW} \times L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<10mohm to achieve a good overall efficiency.

Layout Design:

The layout design of SY20752C regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and minimum noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C_{IN}, L, R_1 and R_2.

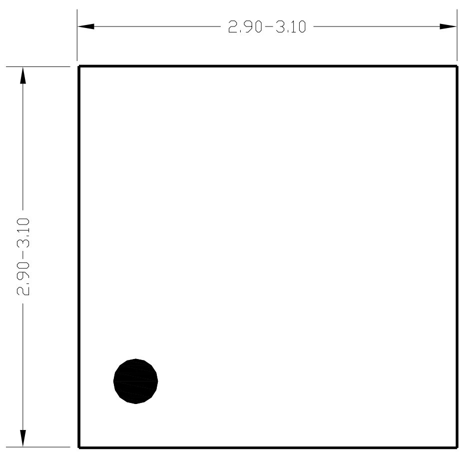
1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable.

2) C_{IN} must be close to Pins IN and GND. The loop area formed by C_{IN} and GND must be minimized.

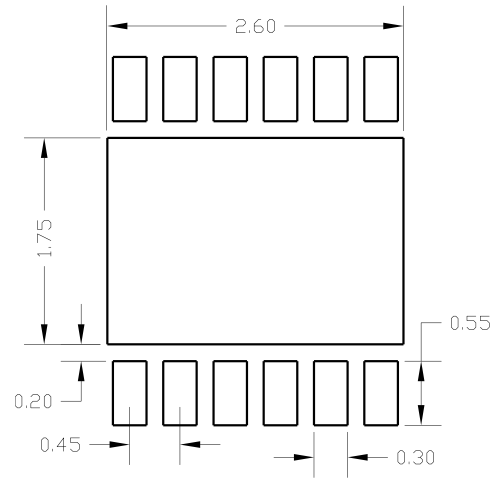
3) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.

4) The capacitor C_{TIM} and the trace connecting to the TIM pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem. It should be better to ground C_{TIM} to the output Capacitor's ground.

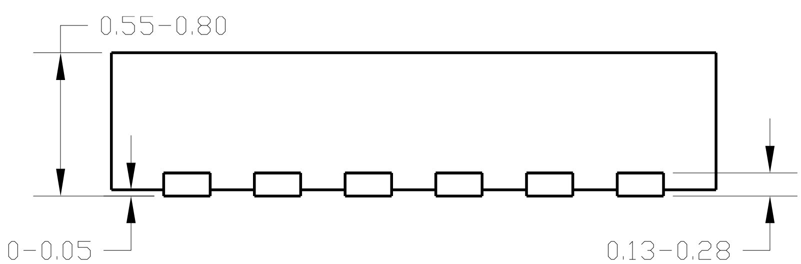
DFN3x3-12 Package outline



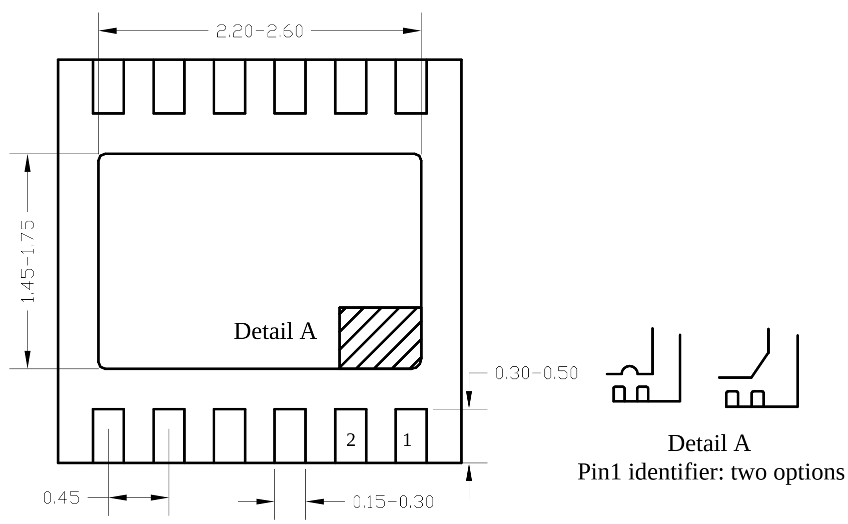
Top View



PCB layout (Recommended)



Side View



Bottom View

Notes: All dimensions are in millimeters and exclude mold flash & metal burr.

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