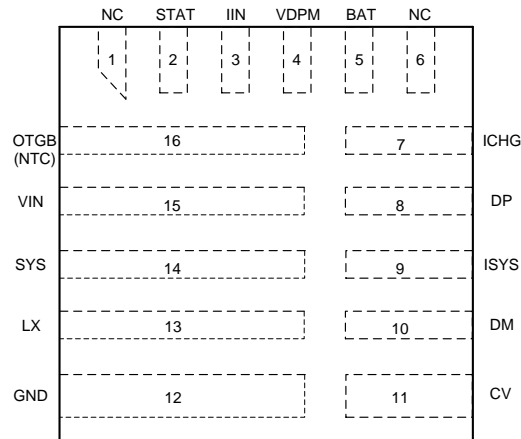


Pinout (top view)



(QFN3x3-16)

Top Mark: **CUY***xyz*, (Device code: CUY, *x*=year code, *y*=week code, *z*=lot number code)

Name	Number	Description
NC	1	Not connected.
STAT	2	Charge or discharge status indication pin. Open drain output. Pull high to SYS through a LED to indicate the charge or discharge in process. When the charge is done, the LED will be off. This LED is also used as a fault indicator.
IIN	3	Connect a resistor to set the input current limit in Buck mode.
VDPM	4	Voltage sense for input dynamic management. If the voltage drops to the internal 1.2V reference voltage, the VIN will be clamped to the setting value.
BAT	5	Battery voltage sense pin. It is used as battery constant voltage control and battery voltage protections.
NC	6	Not connected.
ICHG	7	Connect a resistor to set charge current limit in Buck mode.
DP	8	D+/D- output for USB port connection. It supports BC1.2 handshaking, and also supports Apple and Samsung portable device.
DM	10	
ISYS	9	Connect a resistor to set SYS current limit in Boost mode.
CV	11	Charge voltage selection pin. Open or pull it low for 4.2V. Pull it high for 4.35V.
GND	12	Power ground.
LX	13	Switch node pin. Connect it to the external inductor.
SYS	14	System connection point. Add at least 2pcs of 22μF MLCC here.
VIN	15	Power input pin. Connect a MLCC from this pin to ground to decouple high harmonic noise. This pin has OVP and UVLO function to make the charger operate within safe input voltage range.
OTGB(NTC)	16	Discharging enable/disable control or charging thermal sense pin. In discharging mode, OTGB pin LOW enables Boost, HIGH disables Boost. In charging mode, pull up to BAT with a resistor. Connect to the NTC pull-down resistor to achieve battery thermal protection. Disable thermal protection without pull-down resistor.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

VIN	-0.3V to 18V
LX, SYS, STAT, IIN, VDPM, CV, ICHG, ISYS, DP, DM, BAT, OTGB(NTC)	-0.3 to 6V
VIN Pin Continuous Current	2.5A
SYS Pin Continuous Current	1.5A
LX Pin Continuous Current	5A
Power Dissipation, P_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, QFN3x3	2.1W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
θ_{JA}	48°C /W
θ_{JC}	4°C /W
Junction Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 125°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

VIN	0 to 5.5V
LX, SYS, STAT, IIN, VDPM, CV, ICHG, ISYS, DP, DM, BAT, OTGB(NTC)	0 to 5.5V
VIN Pin Continuous Current	2.0A
SYS Pin Continuous Current	1.0A
LX Pin Continuous Current	3A
Junction Temperature Range	-20°C to 100°C
Ambient Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C



Electrical Characteristics

$T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN}=5\text{V}$, $C_{IN}=10\mu\text{F}$, $C_{BAT}=10\mu\text{F}$, $C_{SYS}=44\mu\text{F}$, $L=1.5\mu\text{H}$, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Bias Supply (V_{IN})						
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Operation Range		4.5		5.35	V
V_{INOK}	Adapter OK Voltage	Rising edge	4.35	4.5	4.65	V
ΔV_{INOK}	Adapter OK Voltage Hysteresis	Falling edge		200		mV
V_{OVP}	Input Overvoltage Protection	Rising edge	5.65	5.8	5.95	V
ΔV_{OVP}	Input Overvoltage Protection Hysteresis	Falling edge		200		mV
V_{DPM}	Input Voltage REF for Adaptive Input Current Limit		1.17	1.2	1.23	V
Quiescent Current						
I_{BAT}	Battery Discharge Current	Boost shutdown, $V_{OTGB}=V_{BAT}$			20	μA
I_{IN}	Input Quiescent Current	Disable Charge			1.5	mA
Oscillator and PWM						
f_{OSC}	Switching Frequency			500		kHz
Power MOSFET						
R_{HIGH}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of High Side P-FET	R_{SH}		45		m Ω
R_{LOW}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of Low Side N-FET	R_{SL}		30		m Ω
R_{PM}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of Power Path Management N-FET	$R_{SA}+R_{SB}$		90		m Ω
I_{CHG_MAX}	Peak Current of Switching FETs in Charge Mode			4.5		A
Voltage Threshold and Regulation						
V_{CV}	Cell Voltage Tolerance	$V_{CV}=4.35\text{V}$	4.324	4.35	4.376	V
ΔV_{RCH}	CV Hysteresis for Recharge	$V_{CV}=4.35\text{V}$	45	100	170	mV
V_{SYS}	Discharge Output Voltage at SYS	$V_{BAT}=3.7\text{V}$	5.05	5.15	5.25	V
Current Regulation						
I_{CC}	Internal Charge Current Accuracy for Constant Current Mode	$R_{CHG}=2.55\text{k}\Omega$ ($I_{CC}=2\text{A}$)	-10		10	%
I_{TC}	Internal Charge Current for Trickle Current Mode	$R_{CHG}=2.55\text{k}\Omega$ ($I_{CC}=2\text{A}$)		0.1		I_{CC}
I_{TERM}	Termination Current	$R_{CHG}=2.55\text{k}\Omega$ ($I_{CC}=2\text{A}$)		0.1		I_{CC}
I_{INDPM}	Maximum Input Current Limit When Charger is Switching.	$R_{IIN}=0.75\text{k}\Omega$, $I_{CHG}=1\text{A}$	2.25	2.5	2.75	A
System and BAT OVP						
V_{SYS_OVP}	SYS Voltage OVP Threshold	Rising edge	103%	105%	107%	V_{SYS}
ΔV_{SYS_OVP}	SYS Voltage OVP Hysteresis	Falling edge		2%		V_{SYS}
V_{BAT_OVP}	BAT Voltage OVP Threshold	Rising edge	103%	105%	107%	V_{CV}
ΔV_{BAT_OVP}	BAT Voltage OVP Hysteresis	Falling edge		2%		V_{CV}
Battery Weak						
V_{DPL}	Battery Depletion Threshold	Falling edge		2.5		V
ΔV_{DPL}	Battery Depletion Hysteresis	Rising edge		300		mV
V_{TRK}	Battery Trickle Charge Threshold	Falling edge	2.5	2.6	2.7	V
ΔV_{TRK}	Battery Trickle Charge Hysteresis	Rising edge		200		mV



BAT Short Protection						
V _{SHORT}	Output Short Protection Threshold	V _{BAT} falling edge	1.9	2.0	2.1	V
SYS Over Current Protection						
I _{SYSMAX}	SYS Current Limit on Boost Mode	V _{BAT} =3.7V, R _{SYS} =5.5kΩ		1.0		A
Timing						
t _{TC}	Trickle Current Charge Timeout			2		hour
t _{OC}	ACOC Deglitch Time			600		μs
Battery Thermal Protection						
V _{UTP}	UTP Threshold	Rising edge	65.7%	67.7%	69.7%	V _{BAT}
	UTP Hysteresis	Falling edge		3.5%		V _{BAT}
V _{OTP}	OTP Threshold	Falling edge	29.9%	31.9%	33.9%	V _{BAT}
	OTP Hysteresis	Rising edge		2%		V _{BAT}
V _{NTCHIGH}	High Voltage to Disable NTC Function	Rising edge		90%		V _{BAT}
V _{OTGB}	OTGB Active Low Voltage	Falling edge		0.35		V
Thermal Regulation and Thermal Shutdown						
T _{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold			150		°C
ΔT _{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			30		°C

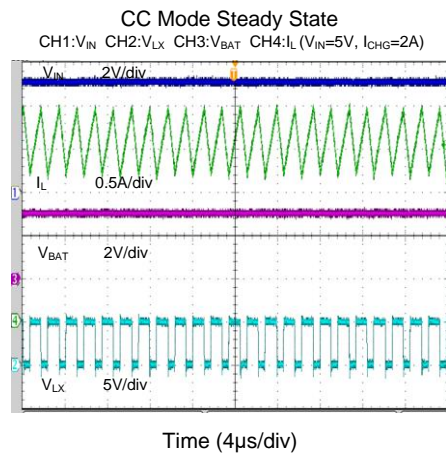
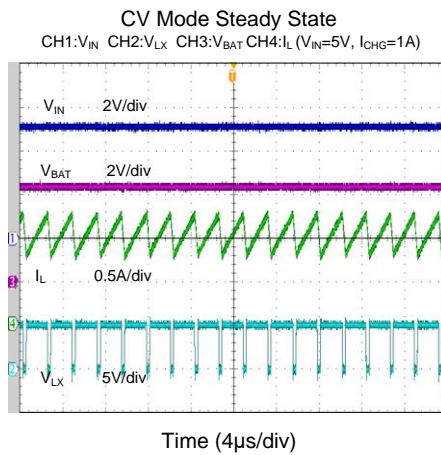
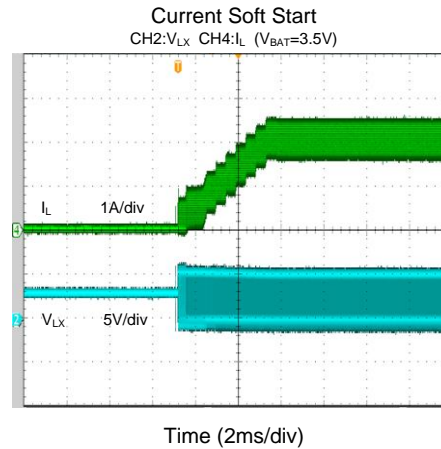
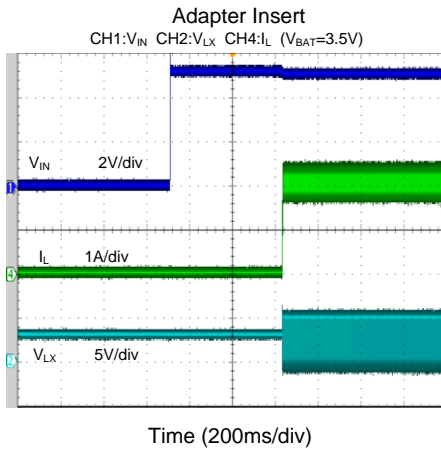
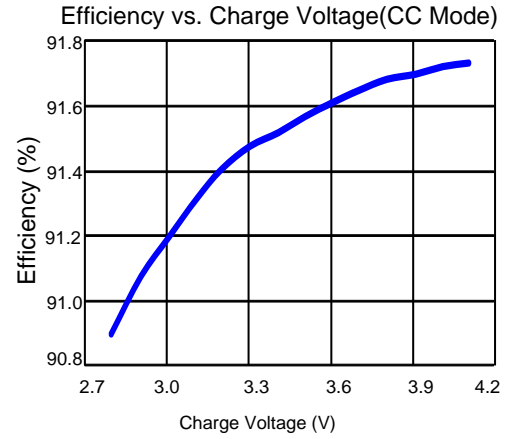
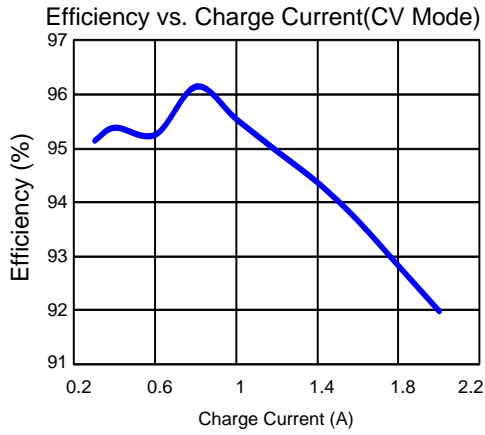
Note 1: Stresses beyond the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

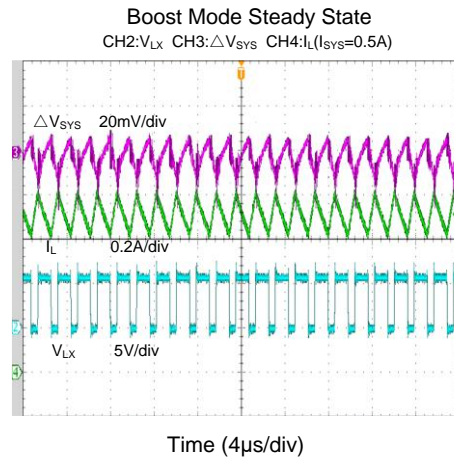
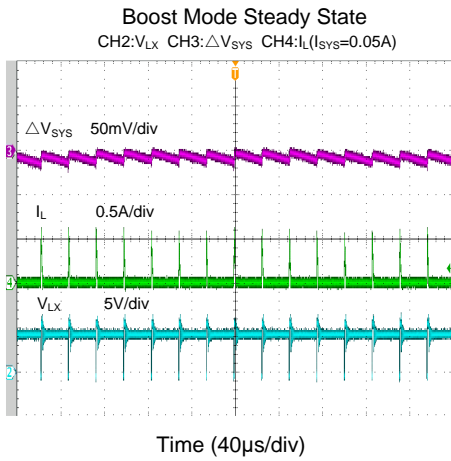
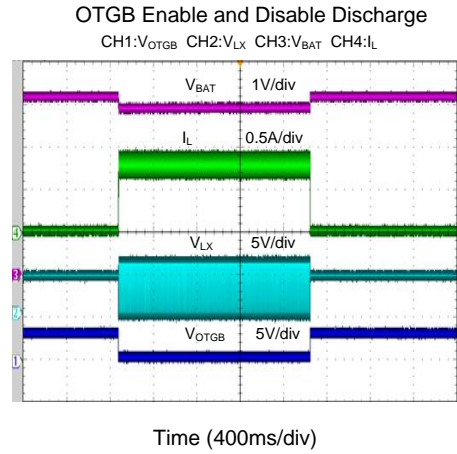
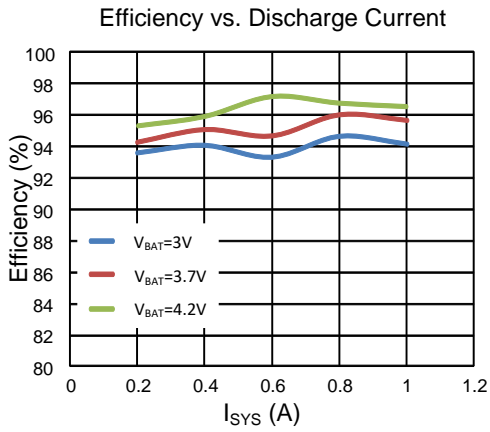
Note 2: θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ on a low effective four-layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard.

Note 3: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

Typical Performance Characteristics

$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN}=5\text{V}$, $R_{CHG}=2.55\text{k}\Omega$, $R_{SYS}=5.5\text{k}\Omega$, single cell battery, unless otherwise specified.





General Function Description

The SY20755C is a 5V adapter input with up to 18V surge bi-directional regulator which is designed for single cell Li-Ion battery power bank application. Advanced bi-directional energy flow control with automatic input power source detection is adopted to achieve battery charging mode and battery power supply mode alternately. If the external power supply is present, the SY20755C will run in battery charging mode with fully protection function. If the external power supply is absent, the SY20755C will run in battery power supply mode with output current capability up to 1A.

The SY20755C integrates blocking switches to prevent current leaking from the system side or the battery side to the input side. The high side switch protects the battery from high discharge current and short circuits at SYS point.

The SY20755C also provides the OTGB control and LED status indication.

OTGB and NTC Function

OTGB can control the Boost, pull OTGB low to enable the Boost and high to disable the Boost.

The OTGB pin will also be used as the battery NTC temperature sensing in charging mode if the voltage is lower than 90% of V_{BAT} . When OTGB voltage is higher than V_{UTP} or lower than V_{OTP} , the IC will shut down the charger and indicate the fault.

LED Status Indication Description

Connecting a LED to STAT pin can indicate the charging status, the discharging status and the fault mode.

1. Charging Mode - When the adapter is present, the SY20755C will work in charging mode even the charging is done. In charging mode, the LED ON indicates the charging ongoing and the LED OFF indicates the charging done.
2. Discharging Mode - When the adapter is removed, and the Boost is enabled, the IC will work in discharging mode. In discharging mode, the LED ON indicates the discharging ongoing.
3. Fault Mode – When any fault (input OVP, battery OVP, SYS OVP, battery short, NTC faults, thermal shutdown, timeout, SYS short) occurs, the LED will flash at 2Hz.

The detailed LED status description is as follows:

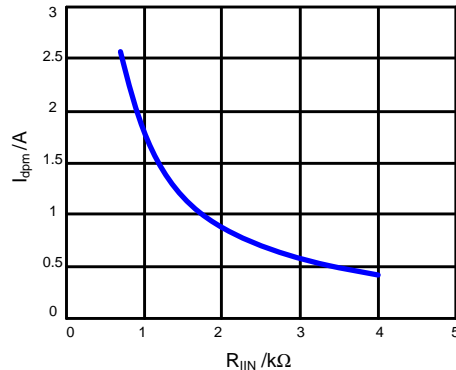
- Charging mode: STAT low
- Charging done: STAT high
- Discharging mode: STAT low
- Fault mode: 2Hz flash

Input Dynamic Power Management

The SY20755C can manage the input power limit very well. It has input VDPM and IDPM function to protect the input source from high current.

The IC can set the input source power capability in charging mode. The minimum input voltage limit can be set by connecting a resistor divider from VIN to VDPM pin. The maximum input current limit is determined by the resistor from IIN pin to GND.

The relationship between the input current limit and R_{IIN} is showed in the below curve.

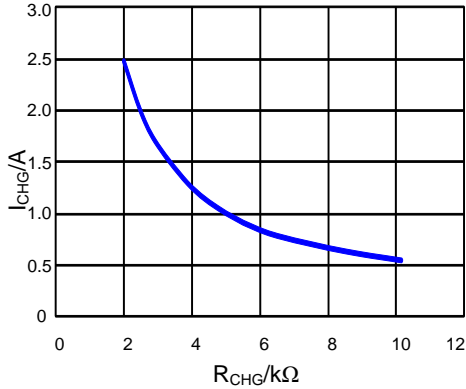


Test condition: $V_{IN}=5V$, $V_{BAT}=3.7V$

Charge Current Setting

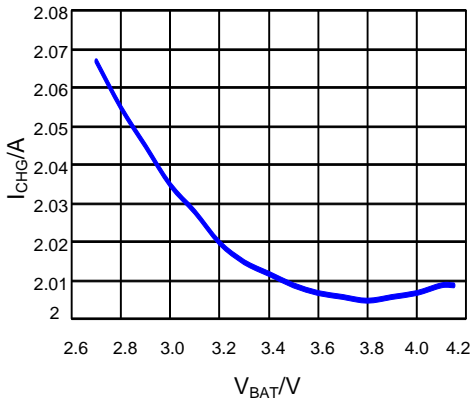
In charging mode, the SY20755C mirrors the current information to the ICHG pin and the charge current is determined by the resistance from the ICHG pin to GND.

The relationship between the charging current and R_{CHG} is showed in the below curve.

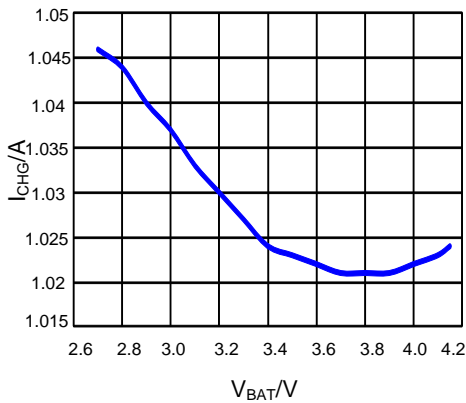


Test condition: $V_{IN}=5V$, $V_{BAT}=3.7V$

The SY20755C has a good I_{CHG} regulation performance even in wide V_{IN} and V_{BAT} range. The relationship between the charging current and V_{BAT} is showed in below curves.

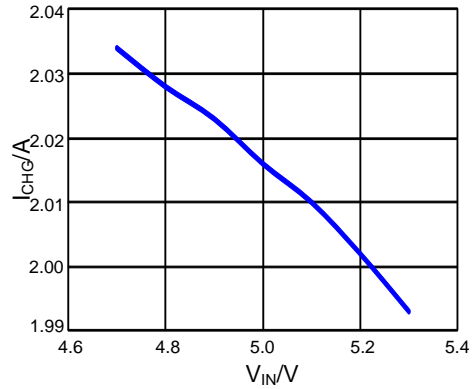


Test condition: $V_{IN}=5V$, $R_{CHG}=2.5k\Omega$

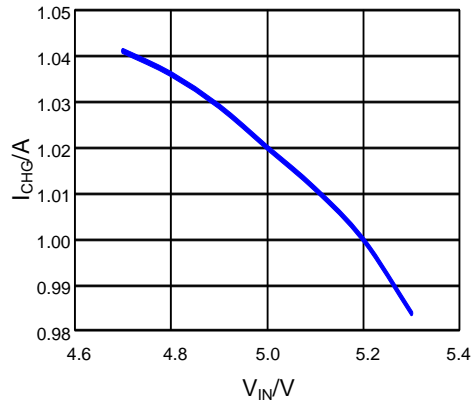


Test condition: $V_{IN}=5V$, $R_{CHG}=5k\Omega$

The relationship between the charging current and V_{IN} is showed in the below curve.



Test condition: $V_{BAT}=3.7V$, $R_{CHG}=2.5k\Omega$

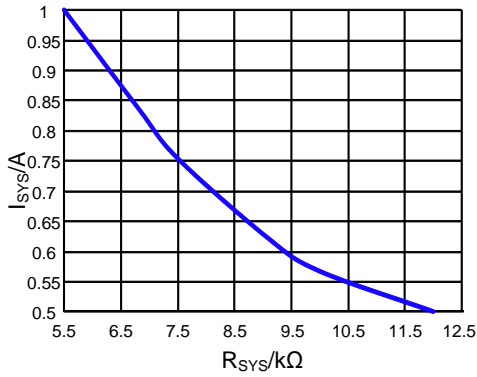


Test condition: $V_{BAT}=3.7V$, $R_{CHG}=5k\Omega$

SYS Current Limit Setting

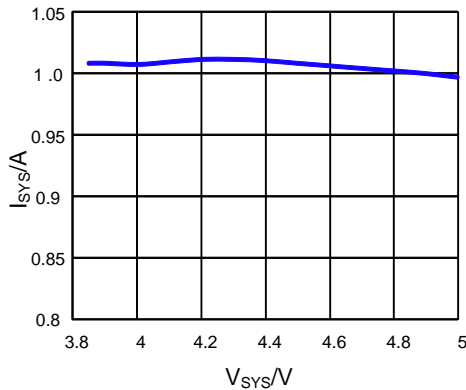
In discharge mode, the SY20755C mirrors the current information to the ISYS pin and the discharge current limit is determined by the resistor from the ISYS pin to GND.

The relationship between the discharge current limit and R_{SYS} is showed in the below curve.



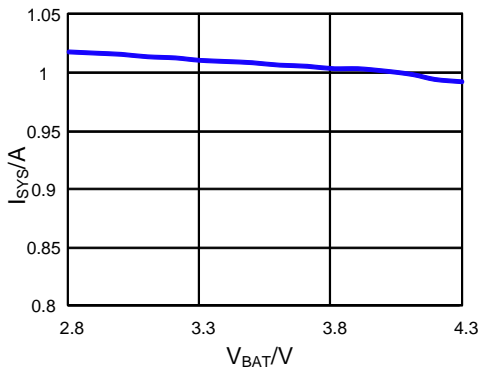
Test condition: $V_{BAT}=3.7V$, $V_{SYS}=4.7V$

The SY20755C has a good I_{SYS} regulation performance even in wide V_{SYS} and V_{BAT} range. The relationship between the discharge current limit and V_{SYS} is showed in below curves.



Test condition: $V_{BAT}=3.7V$, $R_{SYS}=5.5k\Omega$

The relationship between the discharge current limit and V_{BAT} is showed in the below curve.

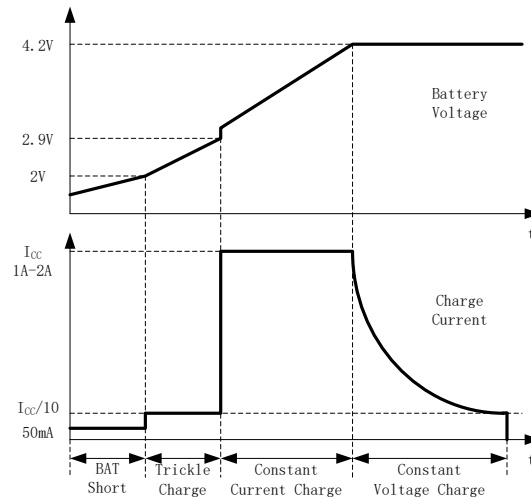


Test condition: $V_{SYS}=4.7V$, $R_{SYS}=5.5k\Omega$

Buck Charger Basic Operation Description

The SY20755C will work as a synchronous Buck mode battery charger when the adapter is present. It utilizes 500 kHz switching frequency to minimize the PCB design.

The charger will operate in battery short mode, trickle charge mode, constant current charge mode and constant voltage charge mode according to the battery voltage. The charge current in every mode is showed in the below charge curve.



In charging mode, the SY20755C has full protection to protect the IC and the battery.

Input Over Voltage Protection –The SY20755C has both VIN and SYS over voltage protection. It will turn off blocking FETs and switching charger when input OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

BAT Over Voltage Protection –The SY20755C will stop charging when BAT OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

Timeout Protection – The charger can detect a bad battery. It will stop charge and latch off when the charger works over 2 hours in trickle mode. Only recycling the input can release this fault.

Input Over Current Protection –The SY20755C has hiccup mode input over current protection. The threshold is 25% higher than the IDMP value.

Battery Thermal Protection – Battery thermal protection is only available in charging mode. When OTGB voltage is lower than OTP threshold or higher than UTP threshold and lower than 90% of V_{BAT} , the



charger will stop switching. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

Boost Mode Basic Operation Description

The battery can supply the portable device connected to SYS pin when the adapter is removed. The converter works as a 500kHz synchronous Boost which can deliver up to 1.0A current to the load.

The Boost provides 5.15V for the portable device. It limits the output current which is set by R_{SYS} .

In Boost mode, the SY20755C provides full protection for the portable device, the battery and itself.

SYS Over Voltage Protection –The SY20755C will stop switching when SYS OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

BAT Depletion Protection –The SY20755C will stop operation when BAT depletion occurs. To recover switching, the IC needs to be enabled again after fault is removed.

Common Protection Description

SY20755C also provides some common protections to prevent all the related devices.

SYS Short Protection –The SY20755C will stop switching and enter hiccup mode when SYS short occurs.

Thermal Shutdown Protection – The IC will stop operation when the junction temperature is higher than 150°C. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

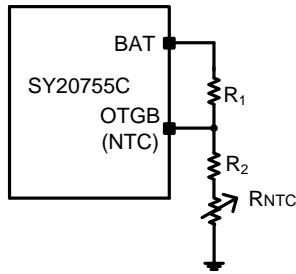
Applications Information

The SY20755C is a very high integrated IC for power bank application. The application circuits based on this regulator is rather simple. Only filter capacitors (C_{IN} , C_{BAT} and C_{SYS}), inductor L, NTC resistors R_1 , R_2 and current setting resistors (R_{CHG} , R_{SYS}) need to be selected for the target applications specifications.

NTC Resistor

The SY20755C monitors battery temperature by measuring the input voltage and NTC voltage. The controller will trigger the UTP or OTP when the rate K ($K = V_{NTC}/V_{BAT}$) reaches the threshold of UTP (K_{UT}) or OTP (K_{OT}). The temperature sensing network is showed as below.

Choose R_1 and R_2 to program the proper UTP and OTP points.



The calculation steps are:

1. Define K_{UT} , $K_{UT} = 65.7 \sim 69.7\%$
2. Define K_{OT} , $K_{OT} = 29.9 \sim 33.9\%$
3. Assume the resistance of the battery NTC thermistor is R_{UT} at UTP threshold and R_{OT} at OTP threshold.
4. Calculate R_2 ,

$$R_2 = \frac{K_{OT}(1 - K_{UT})R_{UT} - K_{UT}(1 - K_{OT})R_{OT}}{K_{UT} - K_{OT}}$$

5. Calculate R_1

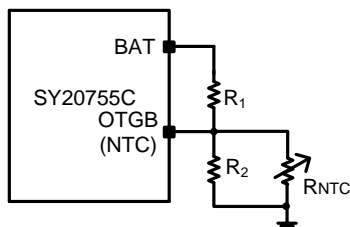
$$R_1 = (1/K_{OT} - 1)(R_2 + R_{OT})$$

If choose the typical values $K_{UT} = 67.7\%$ and $K_{OT} = 31.9\%$, then

$$R_2 = 0.288R_{UT} - 1.288R_{OT}$$

$$R_1 = 2.135(R_2 + R_{OT})$$

The SY20755C accepts various NTC divider circuits. For below method, R_1 and R_2 can be calculated by below equations.



$$R_2 = \frac{R_{OT}R_{UT}(K_{UT} - K_{OT})}{K_{OT}K_{UT}(R_{UT} - R_{OT}) + R_{UT}K_{OT} - R_{OT}K_{UT}}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{R_2R_{UT}(1 - K_{UT})}{K_{UT}(R_2 + R_{UT})}$$

If we choose the typical values $K_{UT} = 67.7\%$ and $K_{OT} = 31.9\%$, then

$$R_2 = \frac{0.358R_{UT}R_{OT}}{0.103R_{UT} - 0.461R_{OT}}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{0.477R_2R_{UT}}{R_{UT} + R_2}$$

Input Capacitor C_{IN}

X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors with greater than $10\mu F$ capacitance are recommended to handle this ripple current. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 16V.

Output Capacitor C_{BAT}

The charger output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. This ripple voltage is related to the capacitance and its equivalent series resistance (ESR). For the best performance, it is recommended to use an X5R or better grade low ESR ceramic capacitor. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 10V.

To design a smaller output ripple, greater than $10\mu F$ capacitance is recommended.

Output Capacitor C_{SYS}

The Boost output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise and out load transient requirements. For the best performance, it is recommended to use an X5R or a better grade low ESR ceramic capacitor. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 10V.

To design a smaller output ripple and a better transient performance, greater than 2pcs of $22\mu F$ capacitance is recommended.

Inductor L

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

- 1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the average input current. The Boost inductor current is worse than the charger mode, so we choose the inductor based on Boost mode. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \left(\frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{SYS}} \right)^2 \frac{V_{SYS} - V_{BAT}}{I_{SYS} \cdot F_{SW} \cdot 40\%}$$

Where F_{sw} is the switching frequency and I_{SYS} is the setting discharge current.

The SY20755C is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitudes. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

Recommend the $1.5\mu H$ inductance in SY20755C applications.

- The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

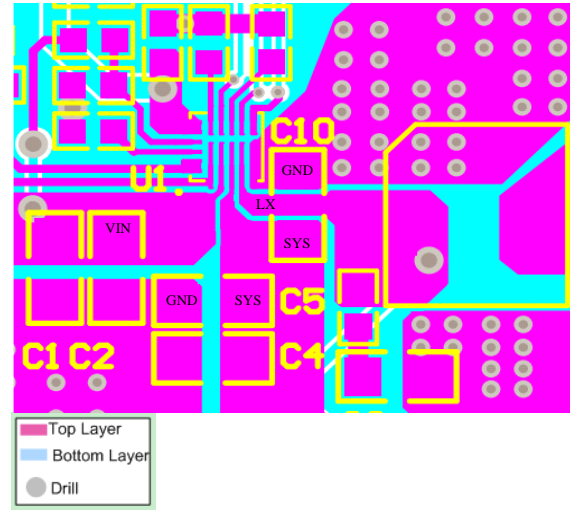
$$I_{SAT} > \frac{V_{SYS} \cdot I_{SYS}}{V_{BAT}} + \left(\frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{SYS}} \right) \times \frac{V_{SYS} - V_{BAT}}{2 \cdot F_{sw} \cdot L}$$

- The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with $DCR < 10m\Omega$ to achieve a good overall efficiency.

Layout Design

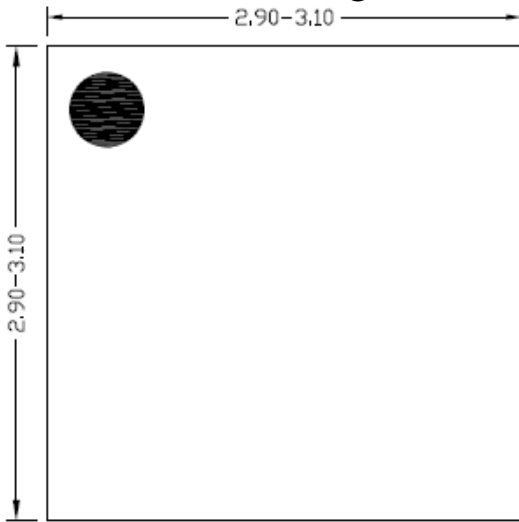
The layout design of the SY20755C regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and to minimize noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C_{IN} , L, C_{SYS} , especially C_{SYS} .

- The loop of main MOSFET, rectifier MOSFET, and C_{SYS} must be as short as possible.

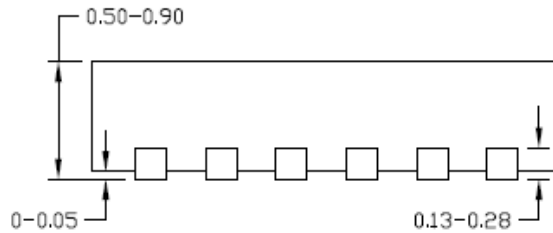


- It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connected to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance.
- C_{IN} must be close to pin VIN and GND.
- The PCB copper area connected to LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.
- The small signal component R_{CHG} , R_{SYS} must be placed close to the IC and must not be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.

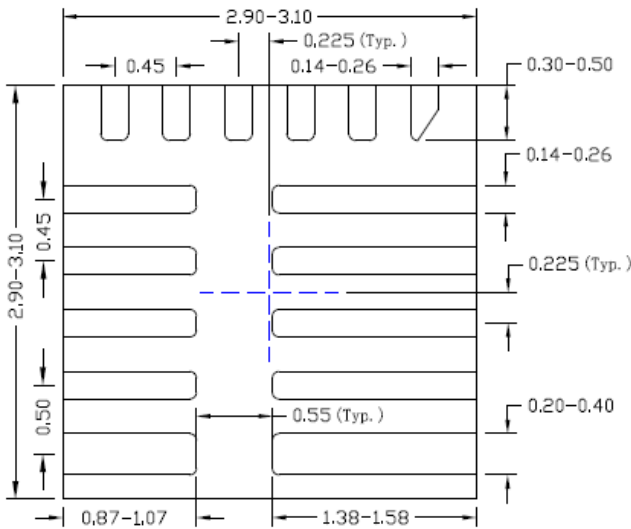
QFN3×3-16 Package Outline Drawing



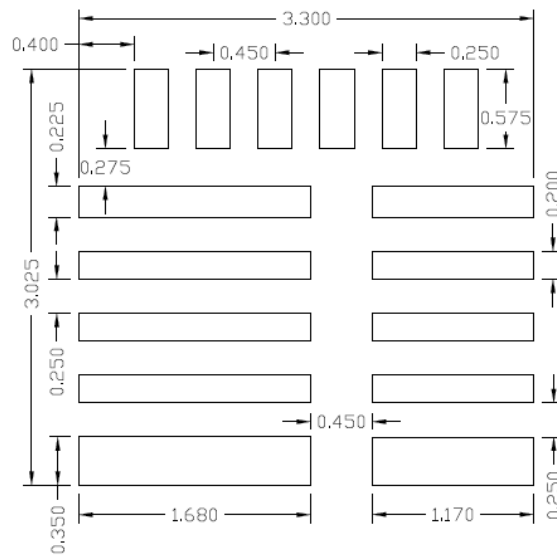
Top View



Side View



Bottom View

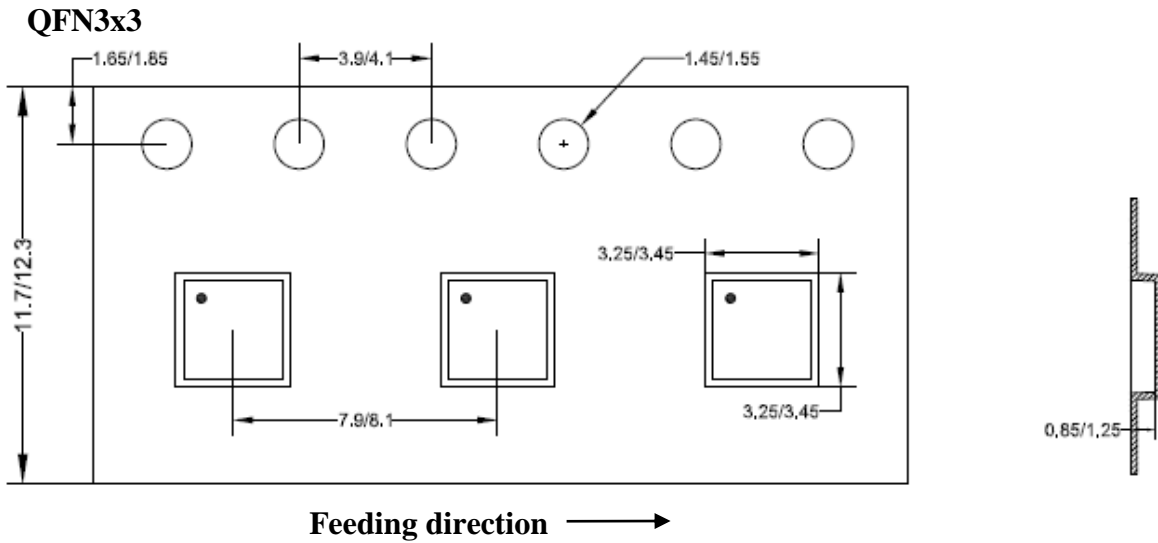


**Recommended PCB layout
(Reference only)**

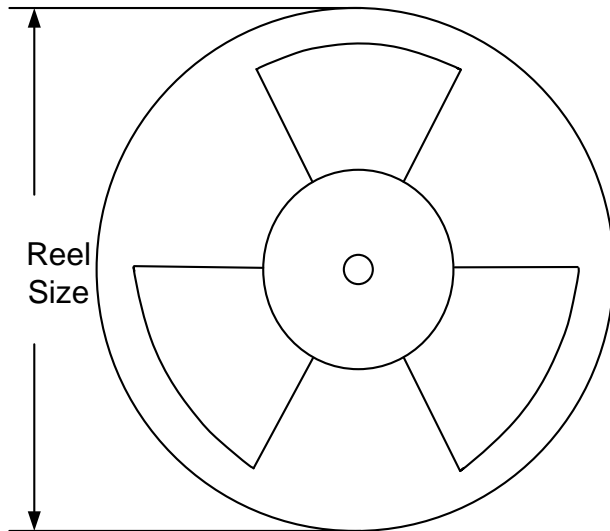
Notes: All dimension in millimeter and exclude mold flash & metal burr.

Taping & Reel Specification

1. Taping orientation



2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages



Package types	Tape width (mm)	Pocket pitch(mm)	Reel size (Inch)	Trailer length(mm)	Leader length (mm)	Qty per reel
QFN3x3	12	8	13"	400	400	5000

3. Others: NA



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