SY6918E

High Efficiency Bi-direction Power Bank Regulator for Single-cell Battery Power Bank

General Description

The SY6918E is a 5V adapter input with up to 18V surge bi-directional regulator which is designed for single cell Li-Ion battery power bank application. Advanced bi-directional energy flow control with automatic input power source detection is adopted to achieve battery charging mode and battery power supply mode alternately.

The SY6918E also integrates the discharging enable/disable control and LED status indication.

The SY6918E is available in QFN3x3 package to minimize the PCB layout size for wide portable applications.

Ordering Information

SY6918 □(□ □)□

└─ Temperature Code
└── Package Code
└─── Optional Spec Code

Ordering Number	Package type	Note
SY6918EQDC	QFN3x3-16	

Features

- Maximum 18V Input Voltage Surge
- Bad Adapter Detection
- Build in Power Path NFETs and Power Switches
- 500kHz Switching Frequency Operation
- Trickle Current / Constant Current / Constant Voltage Charge Mode with Internal Compensation
- Maximum 2A Constant Charge Current
- Maximum 2.5A Boost Output Current
- 4.25V/4.4V Selectable Battery Cell Voltage
- +/-0.5% Cell Voltage Accuracy
- Charge/Discharge/Fault Status Indicator
- Discharging Control Logic
- Programmable Input Current Limit
- Dynamic Power Management
- Cycle-by-cycle Peak Current Limitation
- Input Voltage UVLO and OVP
- Boost Output Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown

Applications

- Single Cell Power Bank
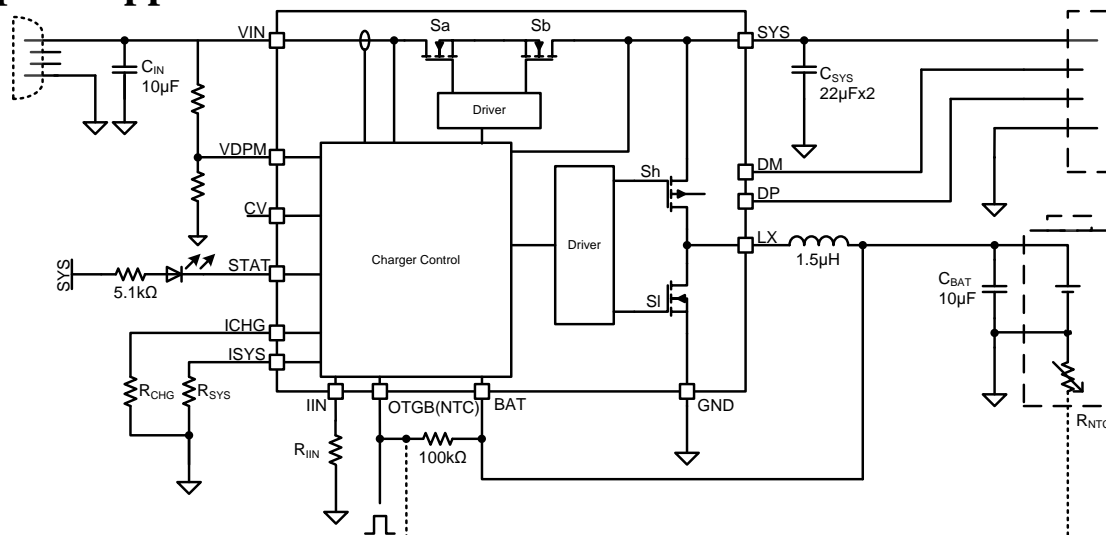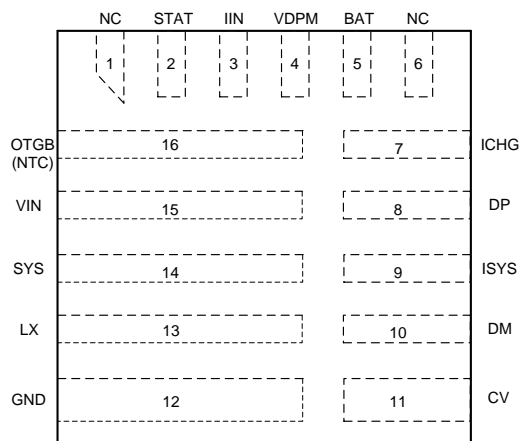- Portable Device with Single Cell Battery

Typical Applications

Figure 1. Schematic Diagram

Pinout (top view)

(QFN3x3-16)

Top Mark: **DBU***xyz*, (Device code: DBU, *x=year code, y=week code, z= lot number code*)

Name	Number	Description
NC	1	Not connected.
STAT	2	Charge or discharge status indication pin. Open drain output. Pull high to SYS through a LED to indicate the charge or discharge in process. When the charge is done, the LED will be off. This LED is also used as a fault indicator.
IIN	3	Connect a resistor to set the input current limit in Buck mode.
VDPM	4	Voltage sense for input dynamic management. If the voltage drops to the internal 1.225V reference voltage, the VIN will be clamped to the setting value.
BAT	5	Battery voltage sense pin. It is used as battery constant voltage control and battery voltage protections.
NC	6	Not connected.
ICHG	7	Connect a resistor to set charge current limit in Buck mode.
DP	8	D+/D- output for USB port connection. It supports BC1.2 handshaking, and also supports Apple and Samsung portable device.
DM	10	
ISYS	9	Connect a resistor to set SYS current limit in Boost mode.
CV	11	Charge voltage selection pin. Open or pull it low for 4.25V. Pull it high for 4.4V.
GND	12	Power ground.
LX	13	Switch node pin. Connect it to the external inductor.
SYS	14	System connection point. Add at least 2pcs of 22μF MLCC here.
VIN	15	Power input pin. Connect a MLCC from this pin to ground to decouple high harmonic noise. This pin has OVP and UVLO function to make the charger operate within safe input voltage range.
OTGB(NTC)	16	Discharging enable/disable control or charging thermal sense pin. In discharging mode, OTGB pin LOW enables Boost, HIGH disables Boost. In charging mode, pull up to BAT with a resistor. Connect to the NTC pull-down resistor to achieve battery thermal protection. Disable thermal protection without pull-down resistor.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

VIN -- -0.3~18V

LX, SYS, STAT, IIN, VDPM, CV, ICHG, ISYS, DP, DM, BAT, OTGB(NTC)----------------------------- -0.3~6V

VIN Pin Continuous Current --- 2.5A

SYS Pin Continuous Current --- 3.5A

LX Pin Continuous Current --- 8A

Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C, QFN3x3-- 2.1W

Package Thermal Resistance

θ_{JA} --- 48°C/W

θ_{JC} -- 4°C/W

Junction Temperature Range -- -40°C to +125°C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) -- 260°C

Storage Temperature Range -- -65°C to 125°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

VIN -- 0~5.5V

LX, SYS, STAT, IIN, VDPM, CV, ICHG, ISYS, DP, DM, BAT, OTGB(NTC) ------------------------------ 0~5.5V

VIN Pin Continuous Current --- 2.0A

SYS Pin Continuous Current --- 2.5A

LX Pin Continuous Current --- 6A

Junction Temperature Range -- -20°C to 100°C

Ambient Temperature Range -- -40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

T_J=25°C, V_{IN}=5V, C_{IN}=10μF, C_{BAT}=10μF, C_{SYS}=44μF, L=1.5μH, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Bias Supply (V_{IN})						
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Operation Range		4.7		5.5	V
V_{INOK}	Adapter OK Voltage	Rising edge	4.35	4.5	4.65	V
ΔV_{INOK}	Adapter OK Voltage Hysteresis	Falling edge		200		mV
V_{OVP}	Input Overvoltage Protection	Rising edge	5.7	5.85	6.0	V
ΔV_{OVP}	Input Overvoltage Protection Hysteresis	Falling edge		200		mV
V_{DPM}	Input Voltage REF for Adaptive Input Current Limit		1.2	1.225	1.25	V
Quiescent Current						
I_{BAT}	Battery Discharge Current	Boost shutdown, V_{OTGB}=V_{BAT}			20	μA
I_{IN}	Input Quiescent Current	Disable Charge			1.5	mA
Oscillator and PWM						
f_{OSC}	Switching Frequency			500		kHz
Power MOSFET						
R_{HIGH}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of High Side P-FET	R_{SH}		35		mΩ
R_{LOW}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of Low Side N-FET	R_{SL}		20		mΩ
R_{PM}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ of Power Path Management N-FET	R_{SA}+R_{SB}		80		mΩ
I_{CHG_MAX}	Peak Current of Switching FETs in Charge Mode			4.5		A
I_{DIS_MAX}	Peak Current of Switching FETs in Discharge Mode			8		A
Voltage Threshold and Regulation						
V_{CV}	Cell Voltage Tolerance	V_{CV}= 4.4V	4.378	4.4	4.422	V
ΔV_{RCH}	CV Hysteresis for Recharge	V_{CV}= 4.4V	45	100	170	mV
V_{SYS}	Discharge Output Voltage at SYS	V_{BAT}=3.7V	5.1	5.2	5.3	V
Current Regulation						
I_{CC}	Internal Charge Current Accuracy for Constant Current Mode	R_{CHG}=2.55kΩ (I_{CC}=2A)	-10		10	%
I_{TC}	Internal Charge Current for Trickle Current Mode	R_{CHG}=2.55kΩ (I_{CC}=2A)		0.1		I_{CC}
I_{TERM}	Termination Current	R_{CHG}=2.55kΩ (I_{CC}=2A)		0.1		I_{CC}
I_{INDPM}	Maximum Input Current Limit When Charger is Switching.	R_{IIN}=0.75kΩ, I_{CHG}=1A	2.25	2.5	2.75	A
System and BAT OVP						
V_{SYS_OVP}	SYS Voltage OVP Threshold	Rising edge	103%	105%	107%	V_{SYS}
ΔV_{SYS_OVP}	SYS Voltage OVP Hysteresis	Falling edge		2%		V_{SYS}
V_{BAT_OVP}	BAT Voltage OVP Threshold	Rising edge	103%	105%	107%	V_{CV}
ΔV_{BAT_OVP}	BAT Voltage OVP Hysteresis	Falling edge		2%		V_{CV}
Battery Weak						
V_{DPL}	Battery Depletion Threshold	Falling edge		2.5		V
ΔV_{DPL}	Battery Depletion Hysteresis	Rising edge		300		mV
V_{TRK}	Battery Trickle Charge Threshold	Falling edge	2.5	2.6	2.7	V
ΔV_{TRK}	Battery Trickle Charge Hysteresis	Rising edge		200		mV
BAT Short Protection						
V_{SHORT}	Output Short Protection Threshold	V_{BAT} falling edge	1.9	2.0	2.1	V

SYS Over Current Protection							
I_{SYSMAX}	SYS Current Limit on Boost Mode	V_{BAT}=3.7V, R_{SYS}=2.2kΩ	2.25	2.5	2.75	A
Timing							
t_{TC}	Trickle Current Charge Timeout				2		hour
t_{OC}	ACOC Deglitch Time				600		µs
Battery Thermal Protection							
V_{UTP}	UTP Threshold	Rising edge	65.7%	67.7%	69.7%	V_{BAT}
	UTP Hysteresis	Falling edge		3.5%		V_{BAT}
V_{OTP}	OTP Threshold	Falling edge	29.9%	31.9%	33.9%	V_{BAT}
	OTP Hysteresis	Rising edge		2%		V_{BAT}
$V_{NTCHIGH}$	High Voltage to Disable NTC Function	Rising edge		90%		V_{BAT}
V_{OTGB}	OTGB Active Low Voltage	Falling edge		0.35		V
Thermal Regulation and Thermal Shutdown							
T_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold				150		°C
ΔT_{TSD}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				30		°C

Note 1: Stresses beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 2: θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at T_A = 25°C on a low effective four-layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard.

Note 3: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

General Function Description

The SY6918E is a 5V adapter input with up to 18V surge bi-directional regulator which is designed for single cell Li-Ion battery power bank application. Advanced bi-directional energy flow control with automatic input power source detection is adopted to achieve battery charging mode and battery power supply mode alternately. If the external power supply is present, SY6918E will run in battery charging mode with fully protection function. If the external power supply is absent, SY6918E will run in battery power supply mode with output current capability up to 2.5A.

The SY6918E integrates blocking switches to prevent current leaking from the system side or the battery side to the input side. The high side switch protects the battery from high discharge current and short circuits at SYS point.

The SY6918E also provides the OTGB control and LED status indication.

OTGB and NTC Function

OTGB can control the Boost, pull OTGB low to enable the Boost and high to disable the Boost.

The OTGB pin will also be used as the battery NTC temperature sensing in charging mode if the voltage is lower than 90% of V_{BAT}. When OTGB voltage is higher than V_{UTP} or lower than V_{OTP}, the IC will shut down the charger and indicate the fault.

LED Status Indication Description

Connecting a LED to STAT pin can indicate the charging status, the discharging status and the fault mode.

1. Charging Mode - When the adapter is present, SY6918E will work in charging mode even the charging is done. In charging mode, the LED ON indicates the charging ongoing and the LED OFF indicates the charging done.
2. Discharging Mode - When the adapter is removed, and the Boost is enabled, the IC will work in discharging mode. In discharging mode, the LED ON indicates the discharging ongoing.
3. Fault Mode – When any fault (input OVP, battery OVP, SYS OVP, battery short, NTC faults, thermal shutdown, timeout, SYS short) occurs, the LED will flash at 2Hz.

The detailed LED status description is as follows:
- Charging mode: STAT low
- Charging done: STAT high
- Discharging mode: STAT low
- Fault mode: 2Hz flash

Input Dynamic Power Management

SY6918E can manage the input power limit very well. It has input VDPM and IDPM function to protect the input source from high current.

The IC can set the input source power capability in charging mode. The minimum input voltage limit can be set by connecting a resistor divider from VIN to VDPM pin. The maximum input current limit is determined by the resistor from IIN pin to GND.

The relationship between the input current limit and R_{IIN} is showed in the below curve.
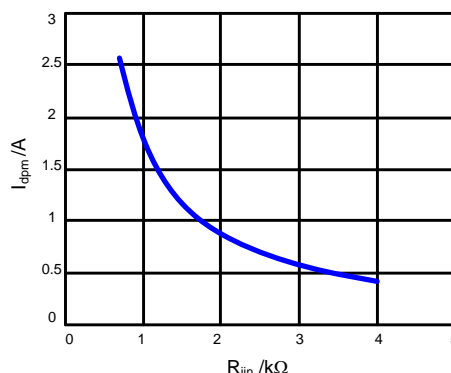
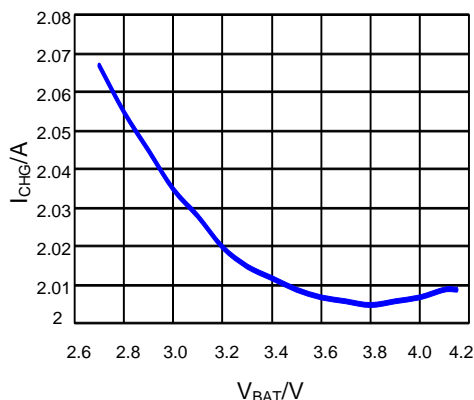Test condition: V_{IN}=5V, V_{BAT}=3.7V

Charge Current Setting

In charging mode, SY6918E mirrors the current information to the ICHG pin and the charge current is determined by the resistance from the ICHG pin to GND.

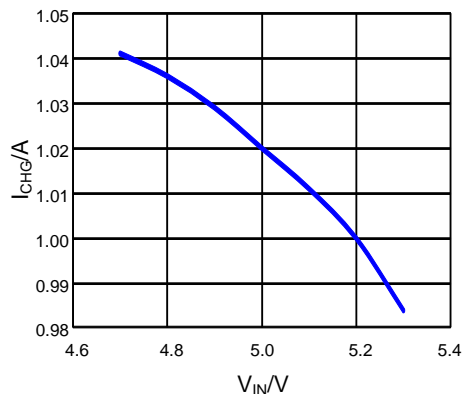The relationship between the charging current and R_{CHG} is showed in the below curve.
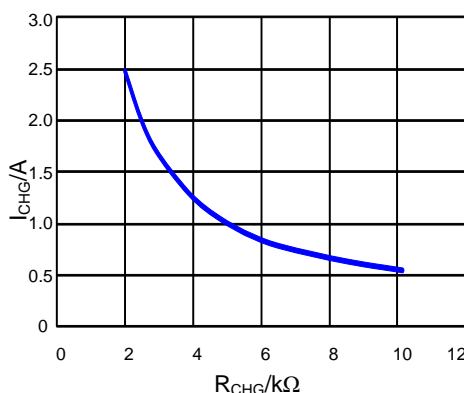
Test condition: V_{IN}=5V, V_{BAT}=3.7V

The SY6918E has a good I_{CHG} regulation performance even in wide V_{IN} and V_{BAT} range. The relationship between the charging current and V_{BAT} is showed in below curves.
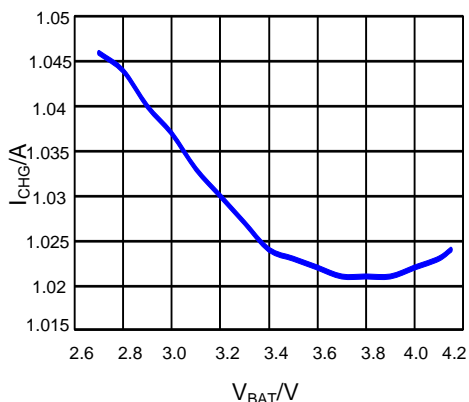
Test condition: V_{IN}=5V, R_{CHG}=2.5kΩ

Test condition: V_{IN}=5V, R_{CHG}=5kΩ

The relationship between the charging current and V_{IN} is showed in the below curve.

Test condition: V_{BAT}=3.7V, R_{CHG}=2.5kΩ

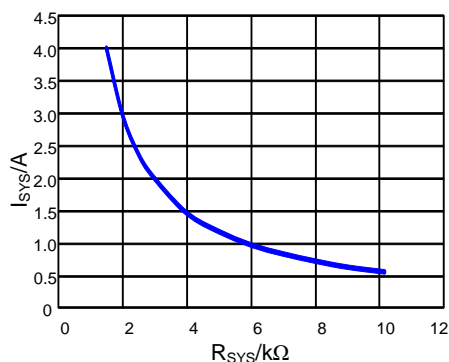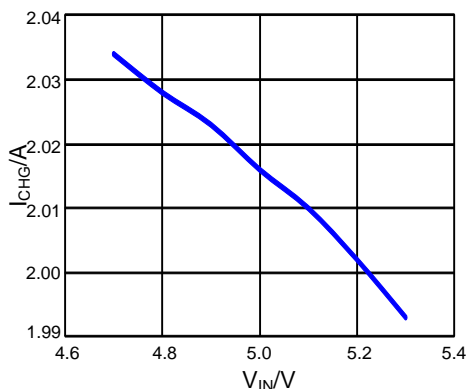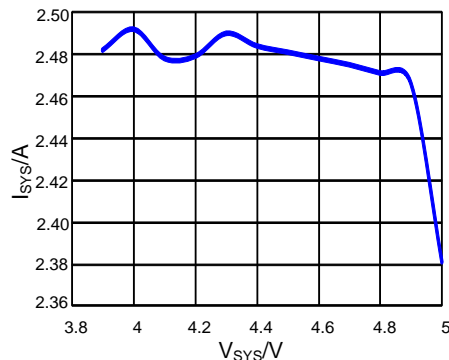Test condition: V_{BAT}=3.7V, R_{CHG}=5kΩ

SYS Current Limit Setting

In discharge mode, SY6918E mirrors the current information to the ISYS pin and the discharge current limit is determined by the resistor from the ISYS pin to GND.

The relationship between the discharge current limit and R_{SYS} is showed in the below curve.

Test condition: V_{BAT}=3.7V, V_{SYS}=4.7V

The SY6918E has a good I_{SYS} regulation performance even in wide V_{SYS} and V_{BAT} range. The relationship between the discharge current limit and V_{SYS} is showed in below curves.

Test condition: V_{BAT}=3.7V, R_{SYS}=2.2kΩ

The relationship between the discharge current limit and V_{BAT} is showed in the below curve.
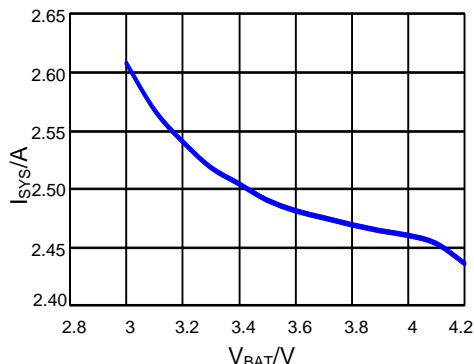
Test condition: V_{SYS}=4.7V, R_{SYS}=2.2kΩ

Buck Charger Basic Operation Description

The SY6918E will work as a synchronous Buck mode battery charger when the adapter is present. It utilizes 500 kHz switching frequency to minimize the PCB design.

The charger will operates in battery short mode, trickle charge mode, constant current charge mode and constant voltage charge mode according to the battery voltage. The charge current in every mode is showed in the below charge curve.
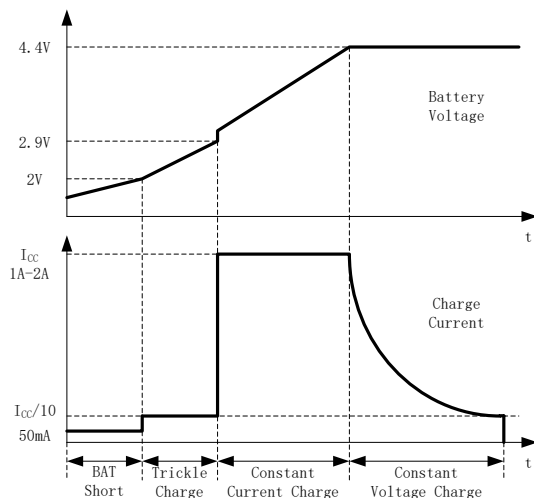
In charging mode, SY6918E has full protection to protect the IC and the battery.

Input Over Voltage Protection – SY6918E has both VIN and SYS over voltage protection. It will turn off blocking FETs and switching charger when input OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

BAT Over Voltage Protection – SY6918E will stop charging when BAT OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

Timeout Protection – The charger can detect a bad battery. It will stop charge and latch off when the charger works over 2 hours in trickle mode. Only recycling the input can release this fault.

Input Over Current Protection – SY6918E has hiccup mode input over current protection. The threshold is 25% higher than the IDMP value.

Battery Thermal Protection – Battery thermal protection is only available in charging mode. When OTGB voltage is lower than OTP threshold or higher than UTP threshold and lower than 90% of BAT, the charger will stop switching. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

Boost Mode Basic Operation Description

The battery can supply the portable device connected to SYS pin when the adapter is removed. The converter works as a 500kHz synchronous Boost which can deliver up to 2.5A current to the load.

The Boost provides 5.2V for the portable device. It limits the output current which is set by R_{SYS}.

In Boost mode, SY6918E provides full protection for the portable device, the battery and itself.

SYS Over Voltage Protection – SY6918E will stop switching when SYS OVP occurs. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

BAT Depletion Protection – SY6918E will stop operation when BAT depletion occurs. To recover switching, the IC needs to be enabled again after fault is removed.
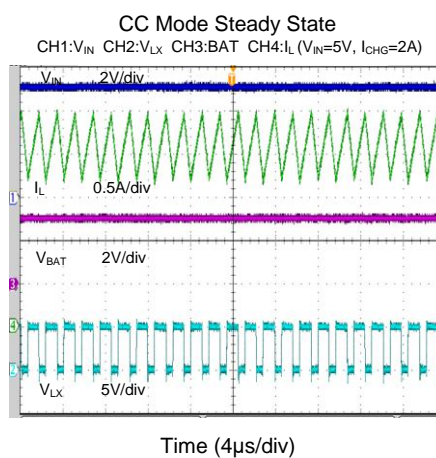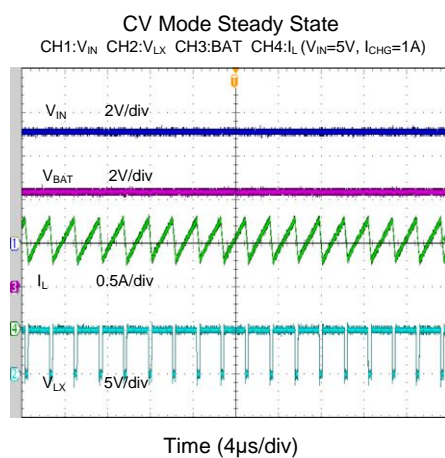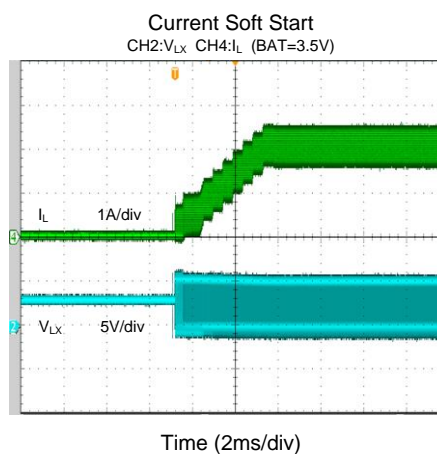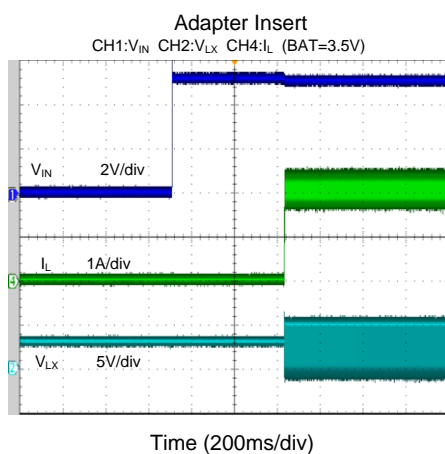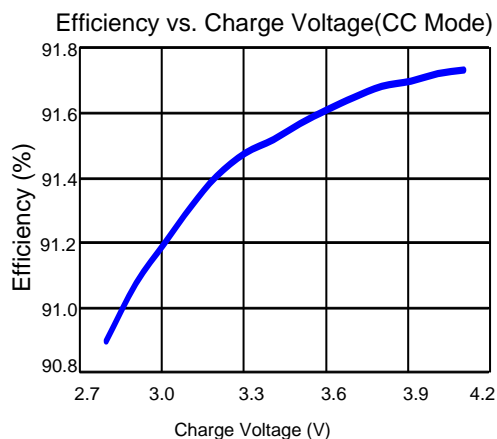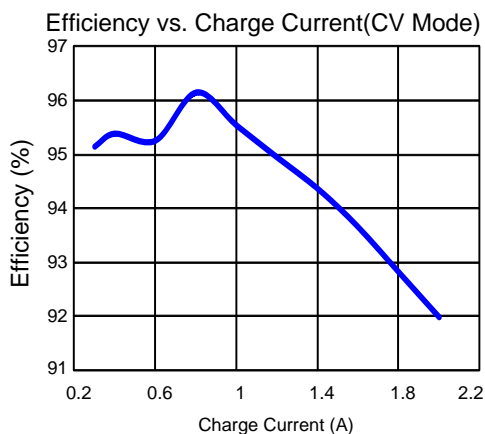
Common Protection Description

SY6918E also provides some common protections to prevent all the related devices.

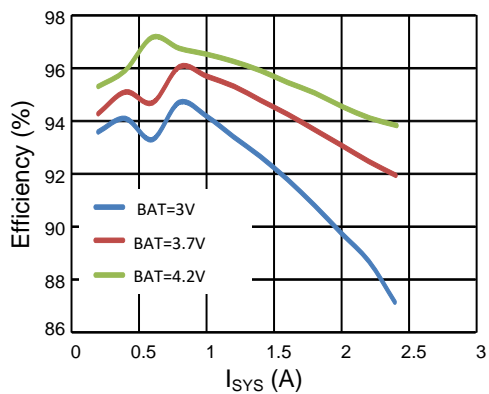**SYS Short Protection** – SY6918E will stop switching and enter hiccup mode when SYS short occurs.

Thermal Shutdown Protection – The IC will stop operation when the junction temperature is higher than 150°C. The IC will automatically return to normal operation when fault is removed.

Typical Performance Characteristics

T_A=25°C, V_{IN}=5V, R_{CHG}=2.55kΩ, R_{SYS}=2.2kΩ, single cell battery, unless otherwise specified.

Efficiency vs. Charge Current(CV Mode)

Efficiency vs. Charge Voltage(CC Mode)

Adapter Insert
CH1:V_{IN} CH2:V_{LX} CH4:I_L (BAT=3.5V)

Time (200ms/div)

Current Soft Start
CH2:V_{LX} CH4:I_L (BAT=3.5V)

Time (2ms/div)

CV Mode Steady State
CH1:V_{IN} CH2:V_{LX} CH3:BAT CH4:I_L (V_{IN}=5V, I_{CHG}=1A)

Time (4µs/div)

CC Mode Steady State
CH1:V_{IN} CH2:V_{LX} CH3:BAT CH4:I_L (V_{IN}=5V, I_{CHG}=2A)

Time (4µs/div)

Efficiency vs. SYS Current

- BAT=3V
- BAT=3.7V
- BAT=4.2V

I_{SYS} (A)

Efficiency (%)

OTGB Enable and Disable Discharge
CH1:V_{OTGB} CH2:V_{LX} CH3:V_{BAT} CH4:I_L
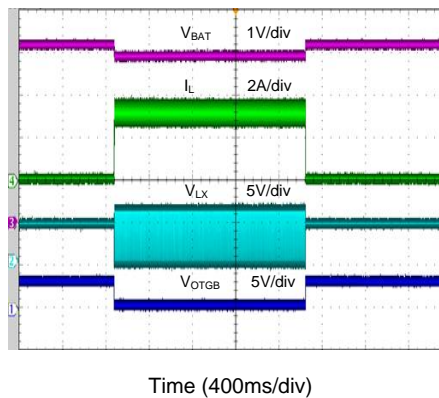
V_{BAT}	1V/div
I_L	2A/div
V_{LX}	5V/div
V_{OTGB}	5V/div

Time (400ms/div)

Boost Mode Steady State
CH2:V_{LX} CH3:$\triangle V_{SYS}$ CH4:I_L(I_{SYS}=0.05A)

$\triangle V_{SYS}$ 50mV/div

I_L 0.5A/div

V_{LX} 5V/div

Time (40µs/div)

Boost Mode Steady State
CH2:V_{LX} CH3:$\triangle V_{SYS}$ CH4:I_L(I_{SYS}=2A)

$\triangle V_{SYS}$ 50mV/div

I_L 1A/div

V_{LX} 5V/div

Time (4µs/div)
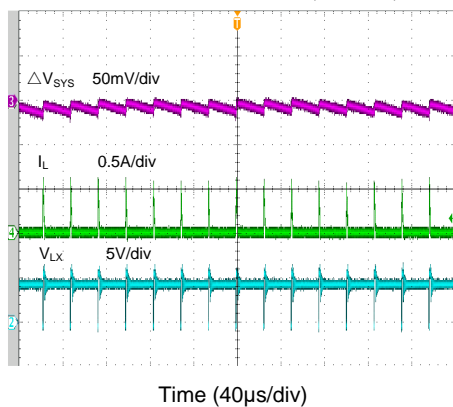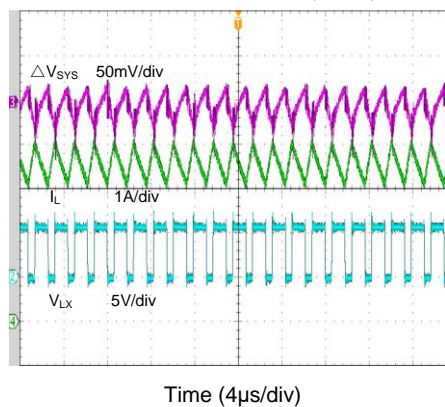
Applications Information

The SY6918E is a very high integrated IC for power bank application. The application circuits based on this regulator is rather simple. Only filter capacitors (C_{IN}, C_{BAT} and C_{SYS}), inductor L, NTC resistors R_1, R_2 and current setting resistors (R_{CHG}, R_{SYS}) need to be selected for the target applications specifications.

NTC Resistor

The SY6918E monitors battery temperature by measuring the input voltage and NTC voltage. The controller will trigger the UTP or OTP when the rate K ($K = V_{NTC}/V_{BAT}$) reaches the threshold of UTP (K_{UT}) or OTP (K_{OT}). The temperature sensing network is showed as below.

Choose R_1 and R_2 to program the proper UTP and OTP points.
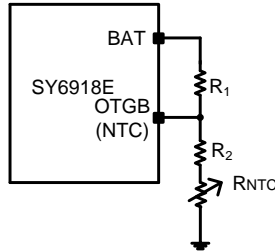
The calculation steps are:
1. Define K_{UT}, $K_{UT} = 65.7{\sim}69.7\%$
2. Define K_{OT}, $K_{OT} = 29.9{\sim}33.9\%$
3. Assume the resistance of the battery NTC thermistor is R_{UT} at UTP threshold and R_{OT} at OTP threshold.
4. Calculate R_2,

$$R_2 = \frac{K_{OT}(1-K_{UT})R_{UT} - K_{UT}(1-K_{OT})R_{OT}}{K_{UT} - K_{OT}}$$
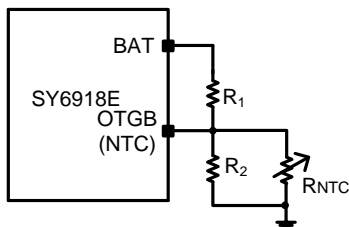
5. Calculate R_1

$$R_1 = (1/K_{OT} - 1)(R_2 + R_{OT})$$

If choose the typical values $K_{UT} = 67.7\%$ and $K_{OT}=31.9\%$, then

$$R_2 = 0.288R_{UT} - 1.288R_{OT}$$
$$R_1 = 2.135(R_2 + R_{OT})$$

The SY6918E accepts various NTC divider circuits. For below method, R_1 and R_2 can be calculated by below equations.

$$R_2 = \frac{R_{OT}R_{UT}(K_{UT} - K_{OT})}{K_{OT}K_{UT}(R_{UT} - R_{OT}) + R_{UT}K_{OT} - R_{OT}K_{UT}}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{R_2R_{UT}(1 - K_{UT})}{K_{UT}(R_2 + R_{UT})}$$

If we choose the typical values $K_{UT} = 67.7\%$ and $K_{OT}=31.9\%$, then

$$R_2 = \frac{0.358R_{UT}R_{OT}}{0.103R_{UT} - 0.461R_{OT}}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{0.477R_2R_{UT}}{R_{UT} + R_2}$$

Input Capacitor C_{IN}

X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors with greater than 10µF capacitance are recommended to handle this ripple current. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 16V.

Output Capacitor C_{BAT}

The charger output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. This ripple voltage is related to the capacitance and its equivalent series resistance (ESR). For the best performance, it is recommended to use an X5R or better grade low ESR ceramic capacitor. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 10V.

To design a smaller output ripple, greater than 10µF capacitance is recommended.

Output Capacitor C_{SYS}

The Boost output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise and out load transient requirements. For the best performance, it is recommended to use an X5R or a better grade low ESR ceramic capacitor. The voltage rating of the output capacitor should be higher than 10V.

To design a smaller output ripple and a better transient performance, greater than 2pcs of 22µF capacitance is recommended.

Inductor L

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the average input current. The Boost inductor current is worse than the charger mode, so we choose the inductor based on Boost mode. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \left(\frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{SYS}}\right)^2 \frac{V_{SYS} - V_{BAT}}{I_{SYS} \cdot F_{SW} \cdot 40\%}$$

Where F_{SW} is the switching frequency and I_{SYS} is the setting discharge current.

The SY6918E is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitudes. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

Recommend the 1.5µH inductance in SY6918E applications.

2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT} > \frac{V_{SYS} \cdot I_{SYS}}{V_{BAT}} + \left(\frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{SYS}}\right) \times \frac{V_{SYS} - V_{BAT}}{2 \cdot F_{SW} \cdot L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<10mΩ to achieve a good overall efficiency.

Layout Design

The layout design of SY6918E regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and to minimize noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C_{IN}, L, C_{SYS}, especially C_{SYS}.

1) The loop of main MOSFET, rectifier MOSFFET, and C_{SYS} must be as short as possible.
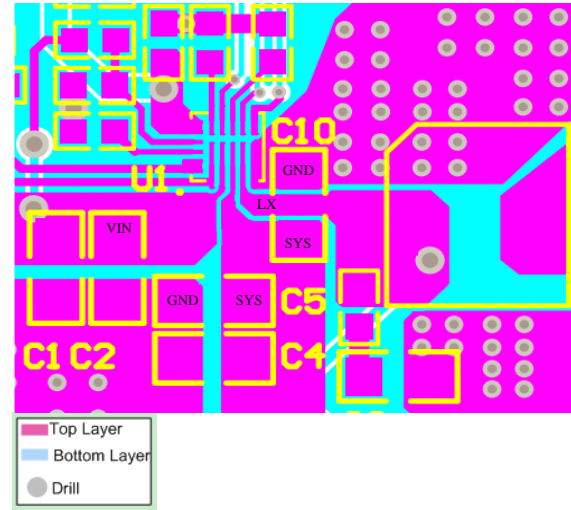
2) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connected to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance.

3) C_{IN} must be close to pin VIN and GND.

4) The PCB copper area connected to LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.

5) The small signal component RCHG, RSYS must be placed close to the IC and must not be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.
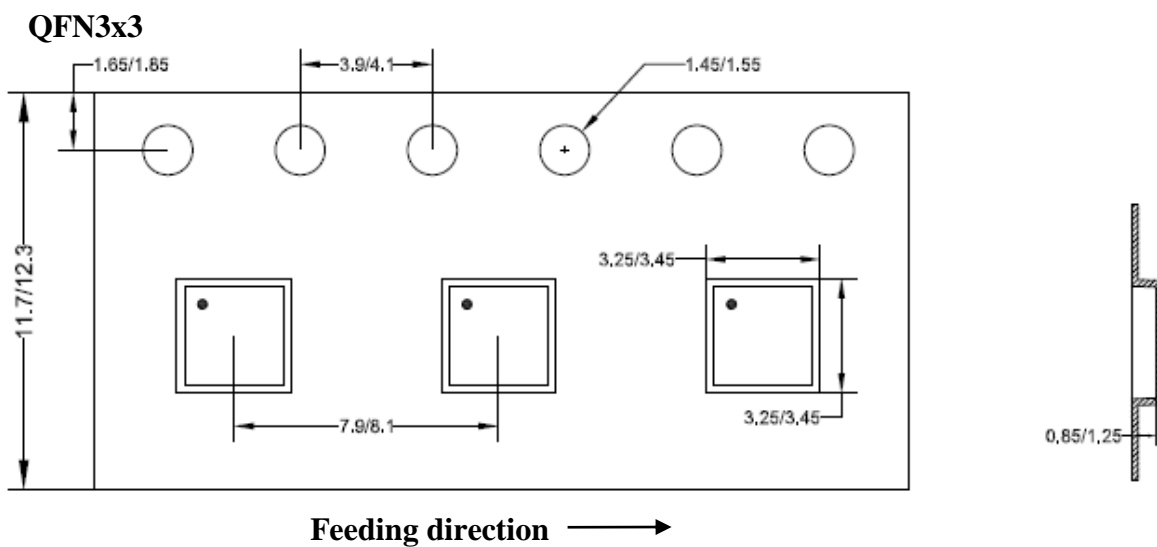
QFN3x3-16 Package Outline Drawing

Top View

Bottom View

Side View

**Recommended PCB layout
(Reference Only)**

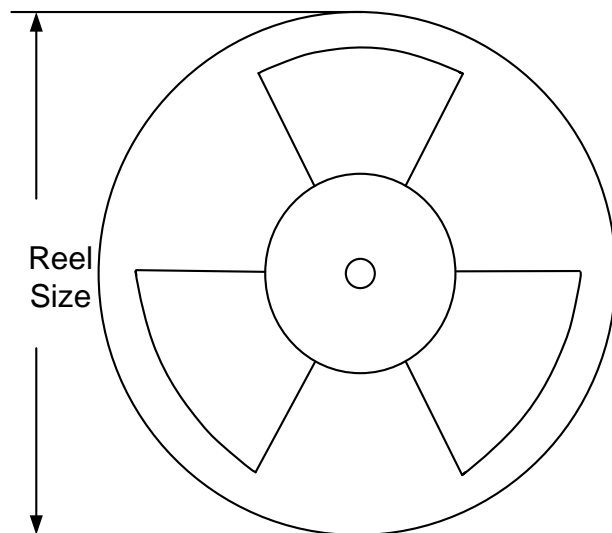**Notes:** **All dimension in millimeter and exclude mold flash & metal burr.**

Taping & Reel Specification

1. Taping orientation

QFN3x3

Feeding direction ⟶

2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages

Reel Size

Package types	Tape width (mm)	Pocket pitch(mm)	Reel size (Inch)	Trailer length(mm)	Leader length (mm)	Qty per reel
QFN3x3	12	8	13"	400	400	5000

3. Others: NA

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